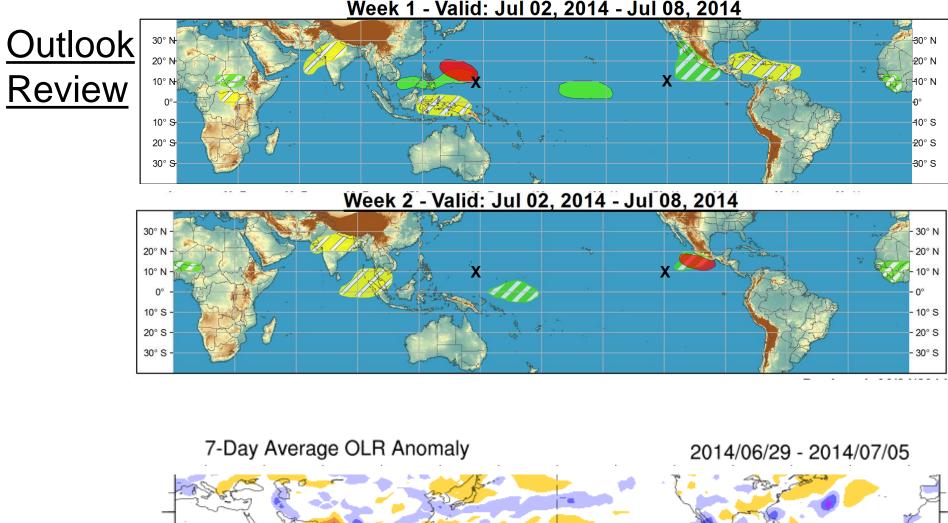
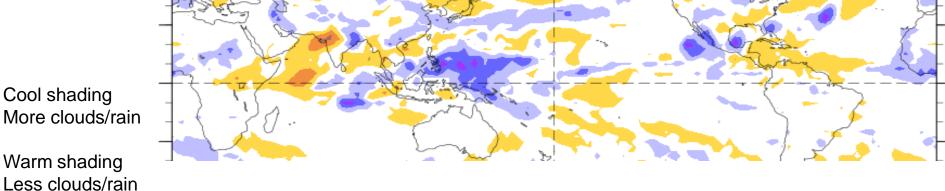
# Global Tropics Hazards And Benefits Outlook July 8, 2014

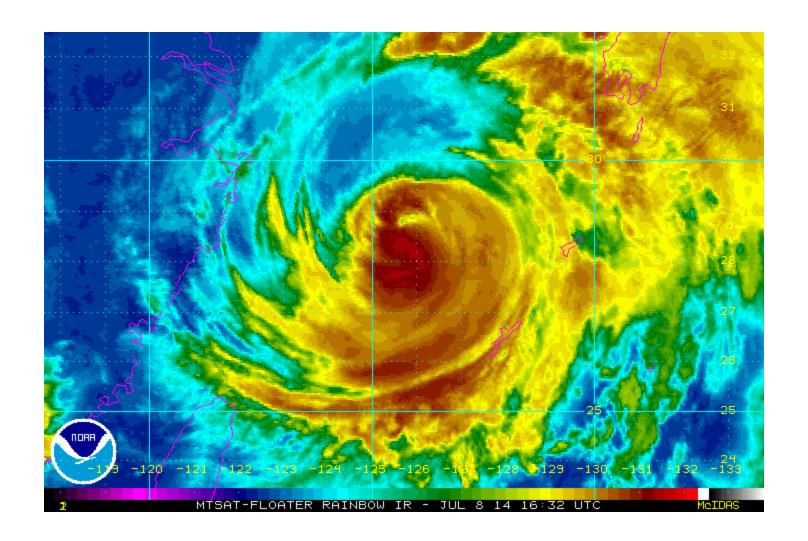
Adam Allgood

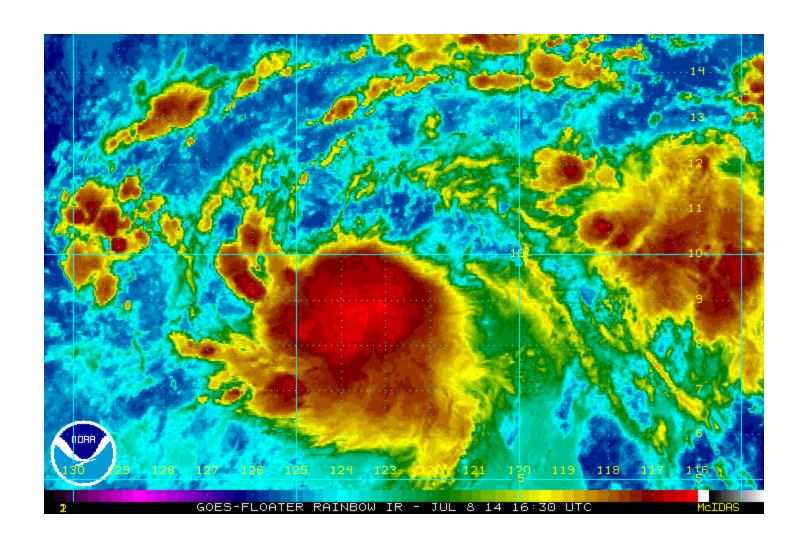
## <u>Outline</u>

- 1. Review of Recent Conditions
- 2. Synopsis of Climate Modes
- 3. GTH Outlook and Forecast Discussion
- 4. Connections to U.S. Impacts









# Synopsis of Climate Modes

#### ENSO:

• The chance of El Niño is 70% during the Northern Hemisphere summer and reaches 80% during the fall and winter.

#### MJO and other subseasonal tropical variability:

- The MJO remained weak during the past week as higher frequency modes (e.g., tropical cyclones) influenced the global tropical convective pattern.
- Recently, enhanced convection over the eastern Indian Ocean and Maritime Continent has contributed to an increased subseasonal signal.
- While the GFS does not forecast the enhanced convection over the Maritime Continent to evolve into a more robust MJO event, several models including the CFS, UKMET, and ECMWF do support eastward propagation to the West Pacific.

#### **Extratropics:**

• The extended range outlook for the U.S. is consistent with a highly amplified pattern with a deep trough over the eastern half of the CONUS. It is uncertain how much impact the tropics (e.g., recurving tropical cyclones over the WPAC) would bring to this pattern.



#### Global Tropics Hazards and Benefits Outlook - Climate Prediction Center







Week 2 - Valid: Jul 16, 2014 - Jul 22, 2014



Produced: 07/08/2014 Confidence High Moderate Forecaster: Allgood

**Tropical Cyclone Formation** Development of a tropical cyclone (tropical depression - TD, or greater strength).

Above-average rainfall Weekly total rainfall in the upper third of the historical range.

Below-average rainfall Weekly total rainfall in the lower third of the historical range.

**Above-normal temperatures** 7-day mean temperatures in the upper third of the historical range.

**Below-normal temperatures** 7-day mean temperatures in the lower third of the historical range.

Product is updated once per week, except from 6/1 - 11/30 for the region from 120E to 0, 0 to 40N. The product targets broad scale conditions integrated over a 7-day period for US interests only. Consult your local responsible forecast agency.









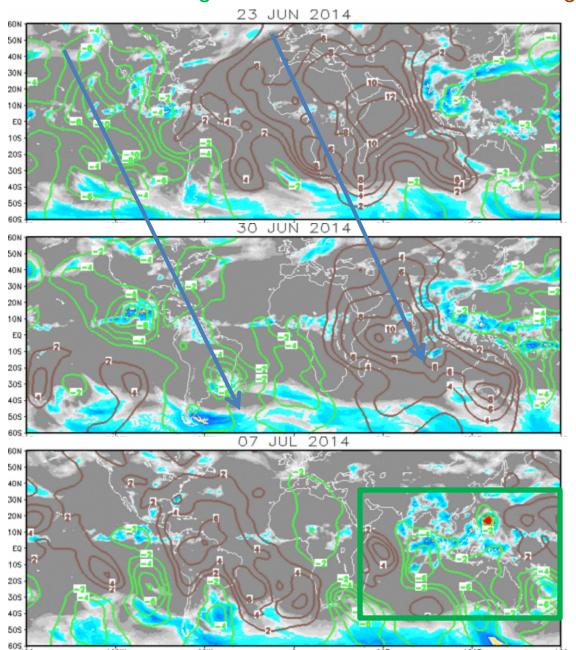




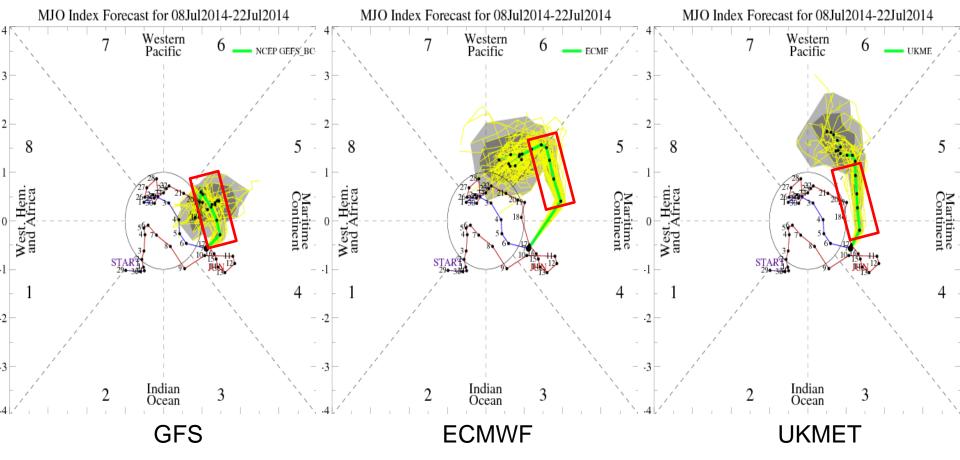


#### IR Satellite & 200-hpa Velocity Potential Anomalies

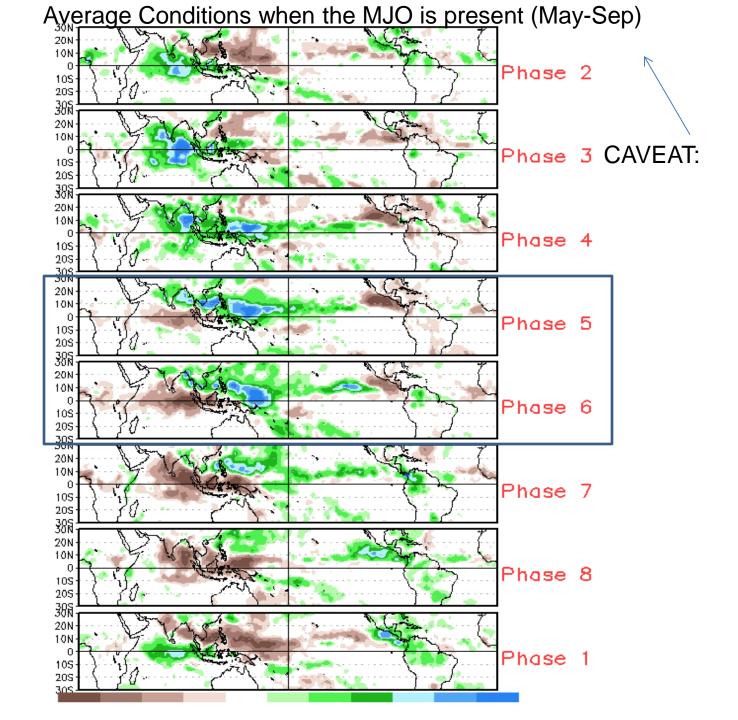
Green: Enhanced Divergence Brown: Enhanced Convergence



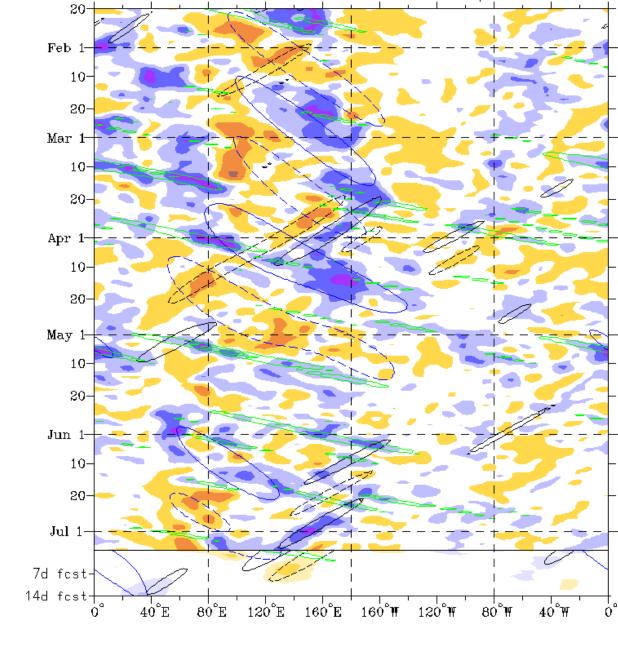
## MJO Observation/Forecast

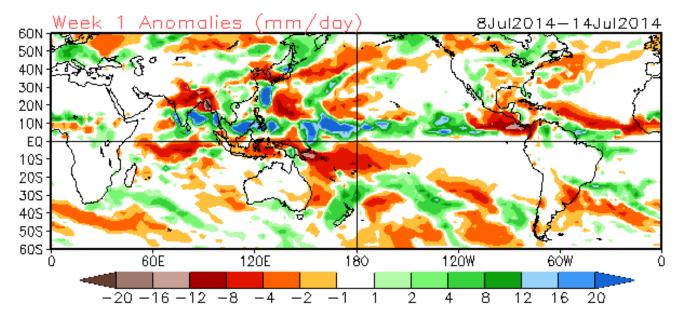


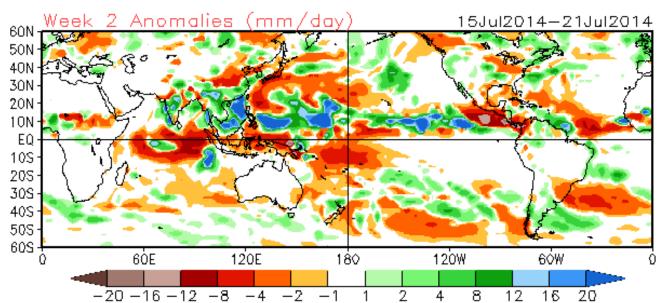
- The GFS, ECMWF, and UKMET MJO Index Forecasts all show rapid (Kelvin Wave) propagation over the Maritime Continent during Week-1 (red boxes).
- The ECMWF and UKMET show slower (more MJO-like) propagation over the WPAC during Week-2.
- The GFS weakens the signal and doesn't have eastward propagation in Week-2.



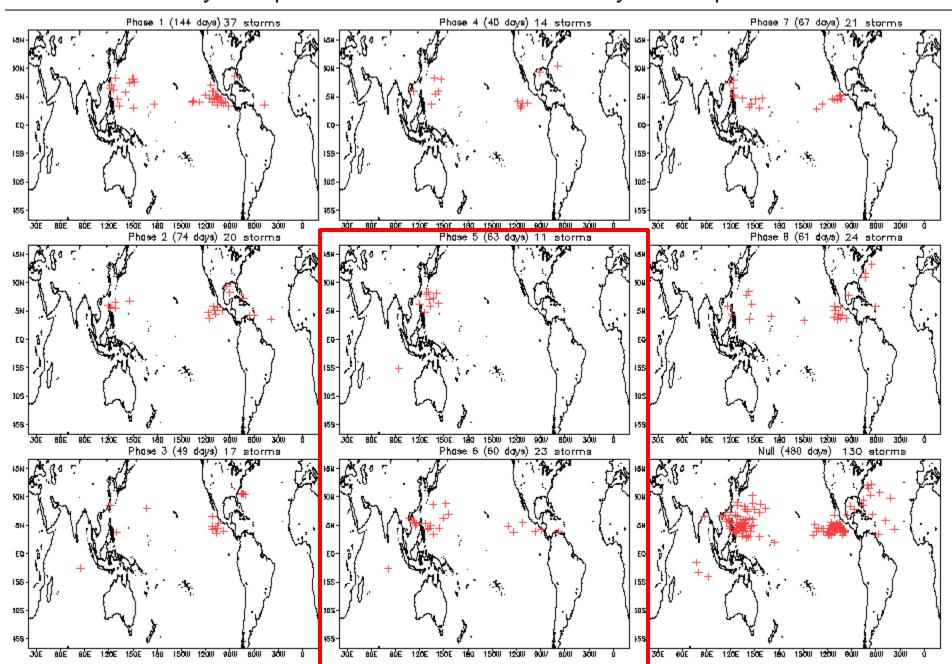
Enhanced convection over the Maritime Continent is associated with interactions between an equatorial Rossby Wave and a Kelvin Wave.

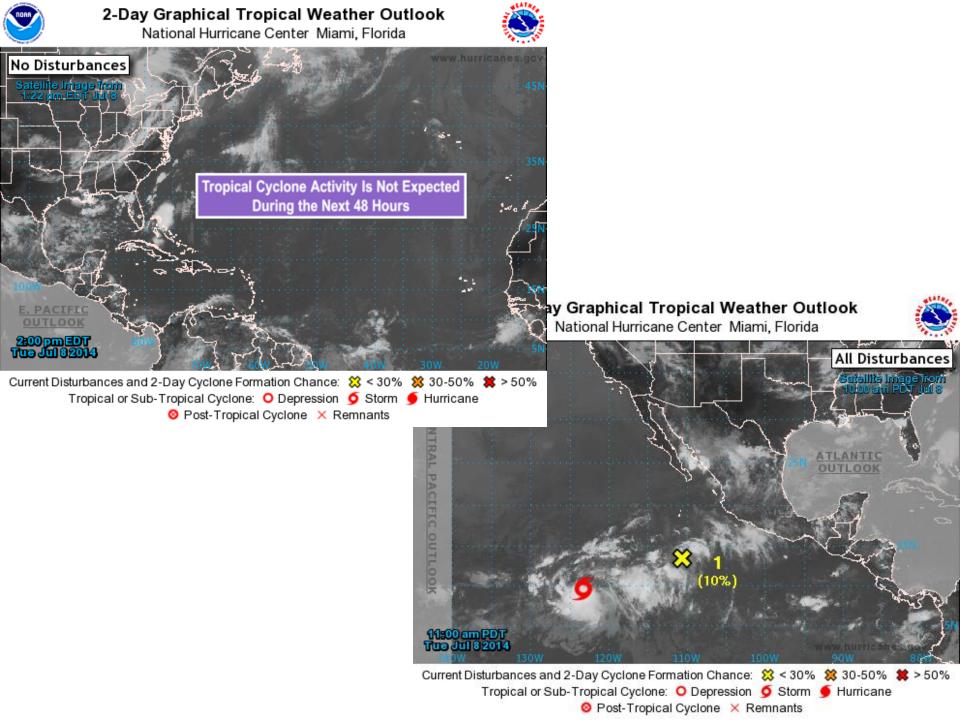




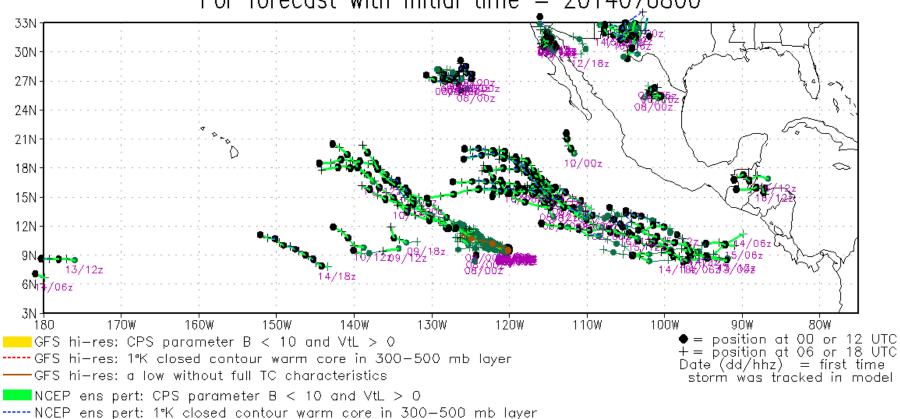


### July Tropical Storm Formation by MJO phase



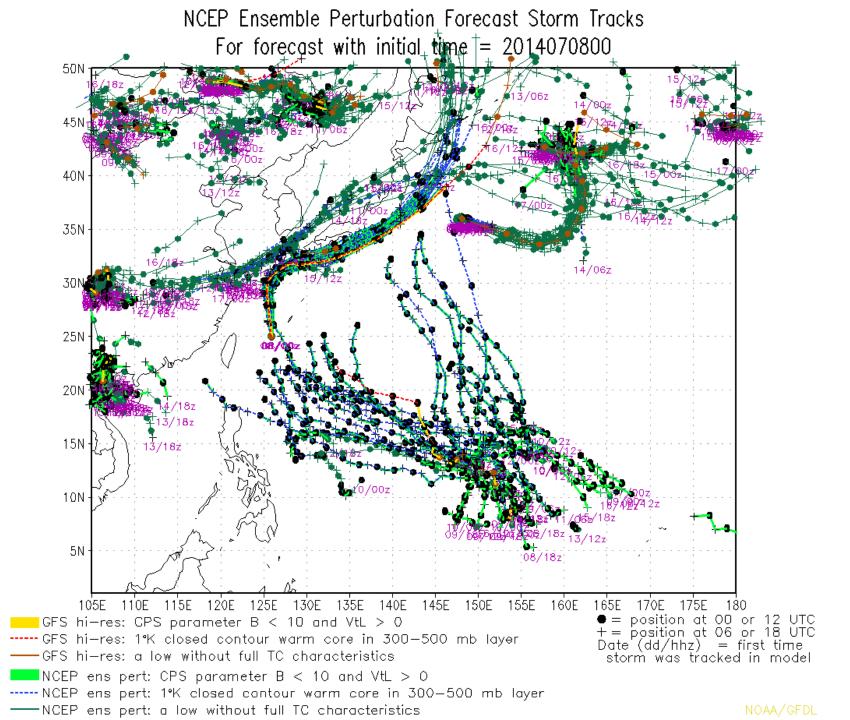




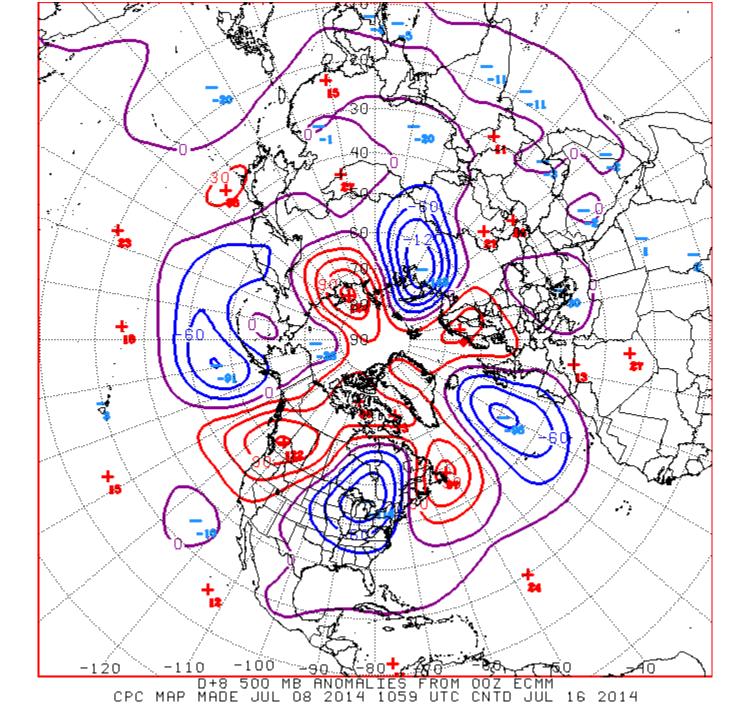


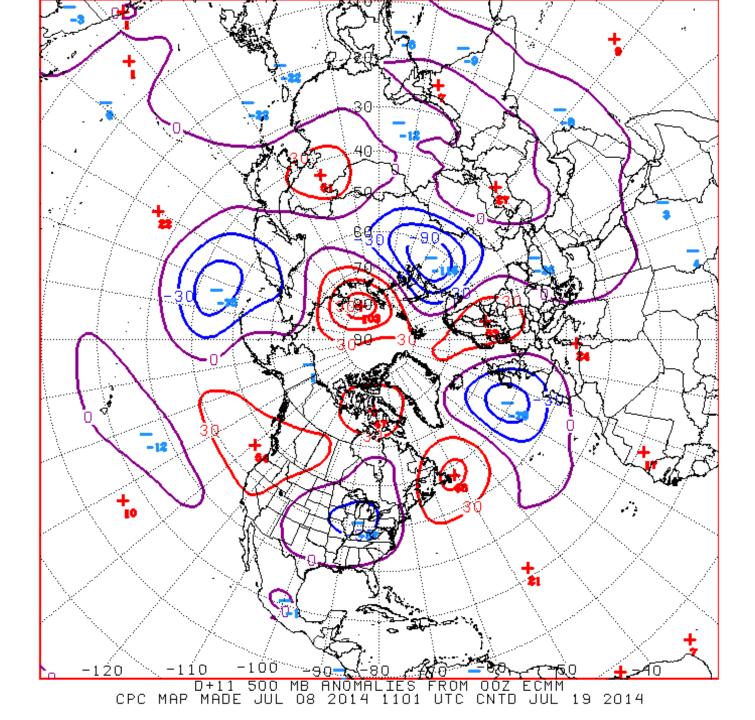
——NCEP ens pert: a low without full TC characteristics

NOAA/GFDL

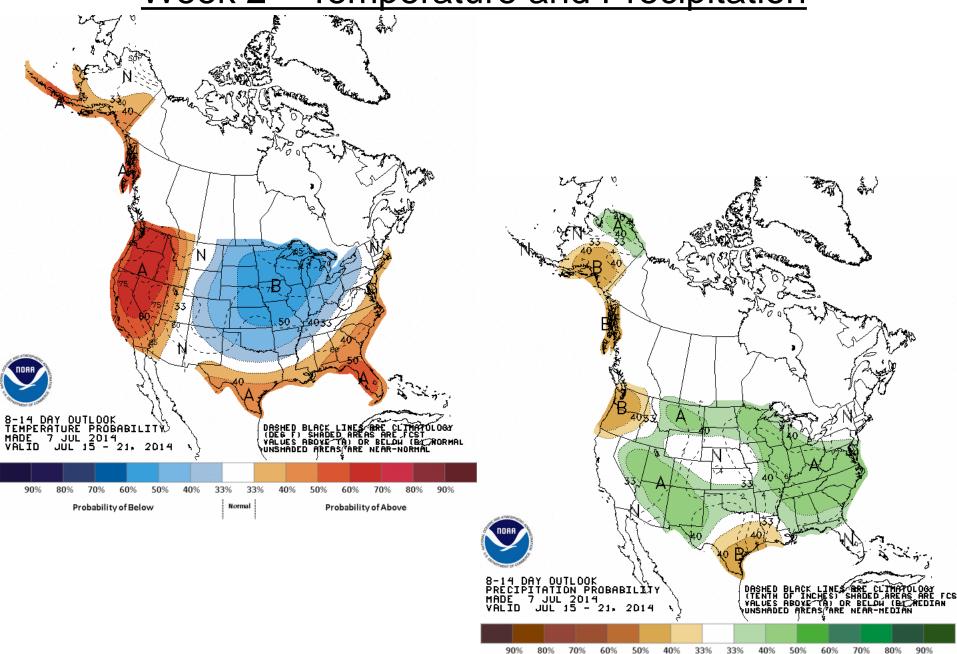


# Connections to U.S. Impacts





Week 2 - Temperature and Precipitation



Probability of Below

Normal

Probability of Above



#### Global Tropics Hazards and Benefits Outlook - Climate Prediction Center







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