



Weeks 2-3 Global Tropics Hazards Outlook 1/21/2025

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Outlook Review: TC development & anomalous precipitation during the past week

• 1: TC Sean



ENSO: (Jan 9, 2025 Update) next update on Thursday, Feb 13th

- ENSO Alert System Status: <u>La Niña Advisory</u>
- La Niña conditions are present and are expected to persist through Feb-Apr 2025 (59% chance), with a transition to ENSO-neutral likely during Mar-May 2025 (60% chance)

MJO and other subseasonal tropical variability:

- After becoming incoherent during early January, RMM observations showed the MJO signal sharply regaining amplitude over the Western Hemisphere and then quickly propagating into the Indian Ocean.
- As the MJO moves into the Maritime Continent constructive interference with the La Nina base state would tend to amplify the MJO. However, RMM forecasts indicate a weakening of the MJO when that interference should occur.
- The large-scale environment is expected to bring increased chances for tropical cyclone development in the Indian Ocean particularly near the northwest coast of Australia.
- The MJO over the Maritime Continent historically favors a warm response over the central and eastern CONUS, which would be a welcome change to the frigid conditions experienced recently for much of the Lower 48.

GTH Outlook:



Forecaster: Barandiaran

Consult your local responsible forecast agency.

200-hPa Velocity Potential Anomaly Maps:

•The upper-level pattern became quite disorganized during early January but has since redeveloped the wave-1 asymmetry characteristic of MJO activity.

•The convergence/divergence dipole has become very amplified over the Western Hemisphere, while the leading edge of the enhanced convective envelope has moved over the western Indian Ocean.

•The ECMWF indicates a robust MJO during week-1 that gradually weakens, likely the result of increasing destructive interference with the La Nina base state.



RMM Index Observations & Forecasts:



Dynamical models are unanimous favoring a reduction of amplitude in the MJO as it propagates into the Maritime Continent, at odds with the potential for constructive interference with the La Nina base state.
Both the GEFS and ECMWF also indicate a slowing of eastward propagation of the RMM signal after very quick movement over the last week or so. Ensemble member spread increases rapidly after week-1.

Outgoing Longwave Radiation (OLR) Anomaly Time/Lon Plots:





Consolidated Probabilistic Precipitation: Weeks 2 & 3

CONS 00z: Week2 Probability for Total Rainfall Below(Above) Lower(Upper) Tercile (%) Valid: 29Jan2025-04Feb2025



CONS 00z: Week3 Probability for Total Rainfall Below(Above) Lower(Upper) Tercile (%) Valid: 05Feb2025-11Feb2025



Historical Precipitation Anomalies By MJO Phase:

DJF MJO Composite: GPCP1DD (mm/day)







Phase 6



Phase 3



Phase 7



Phase 4









Historical TC Origin Anomalies By MJO Phase & Weeks 2+3 Genesis Climo:



Experimental

Tropical Cyclone Monitoring/Forecast: NHC / CPHC

Ø Post-Tropical Cyclone or Remnants



Post-Tropical Cyclone or Remnants

Tropical or Sub-Tropical Cyclone: O Depression Storm Storm Ø Post-Tropical Cyclone or Remnants

Tropical Cyclone Monitoring/Forecast: JTWC







-2 -3 -4

01 Oct

15 Oct

01 Nov

15 Nov

01 Dec

15 Dec

15 Jan

01 Jan

01 Feb

PNA Index: Observed & GEFS Forecasts

AO Index: Observed & GEFS Forecasts



Historical 500-hPa Height & U.S. Temperatures By MJO Phase:

Phase 1



















DJF MJO Composite: CDAS 500-hPa Height (m)





Mean 500-hPa Height Anomaly Forecasts: Weeks 2+3



Official Temperature & Precipitation Forecasts:





Forecaster: Barandiaran

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