



# Association between tropical variability and Indian summer monsoon (ISM) through moisture budget

Priyanshi Singhai 1,2, Arindam Chakraborty 1,2

<sup>1</sup> CAOS, Indian Institute of Science (IISc) <sup>2</sup> Divecha Center for Climate Change,

HSc, Bengaluru, India

CDPW, 2021

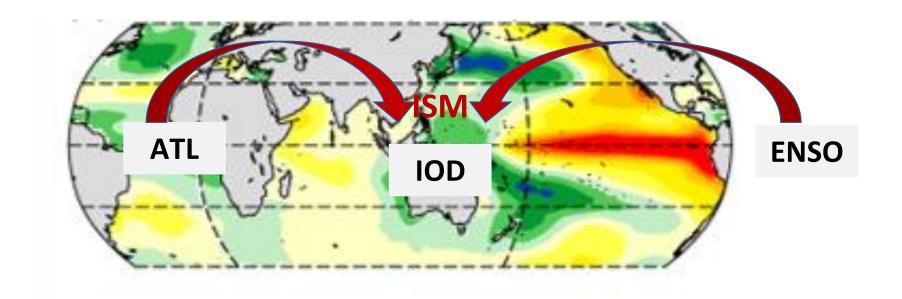








- Different hypothesis proposed for various SST variability like:
  - El Nino Southern Oscillation (ENSO)
  - Indian Ocean Dipole (IOD)
  - Atlantic Tropical Variability (ATL)
  - Preceding Winter ENSO (WENSO)



## ISM Teleconnection...







- Different hypothesis proposed for various SST variability like:
  - ENSO: Sikka 1980, Webster et al., 1998, Goswami 1998, Seager et al., 2003
  - IOD: Ashok et al 2001, Behera et al., 1999, Annamalai 2010
  - ATL: Kucharski et al., 2007, Yadav et al., 2018
  - WENSO: Chakraborty 2018

#### **Problem:**

- Quantification of the ISMR through a common mechanism
- Direct linkage of dynamic forcing with precipitation.



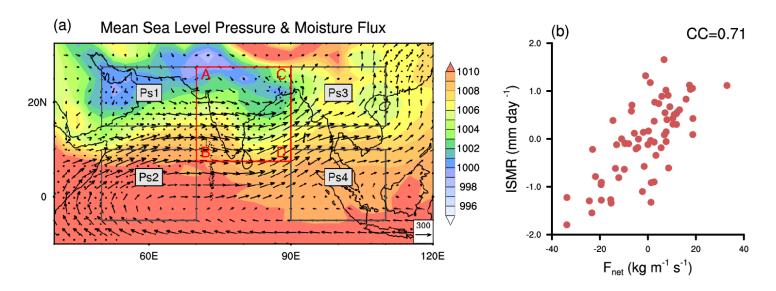






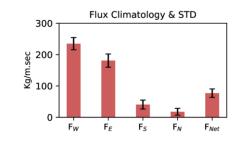
$$\frac{1}{A}(F_w - F_e + F_s - F_n) = \bar{P} - \bar{E} + \frac{\partial P_{wat}}{\partial t},$$
$$\frac{1}{A}(F_{net}) = \bar{P} - \bar{E} + \frac{\partial P_{wat}}{\partial t}$$

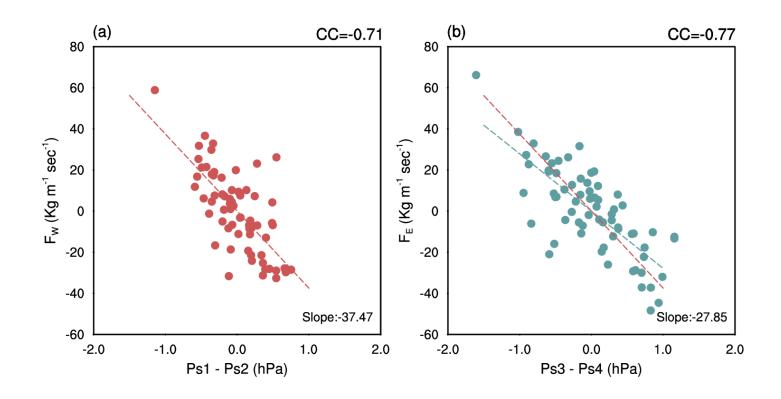
ISMR ∝ Fnet



(a) JJAS climatological mean sea level pressure along with vertically integrated moisture flux. (b) Scatter plot between net moisture convergence & ISMR.

# Geostrophic Assumptions: $fu = -\frac{1}{\rho} \frac{\partial p}{\partial y}$



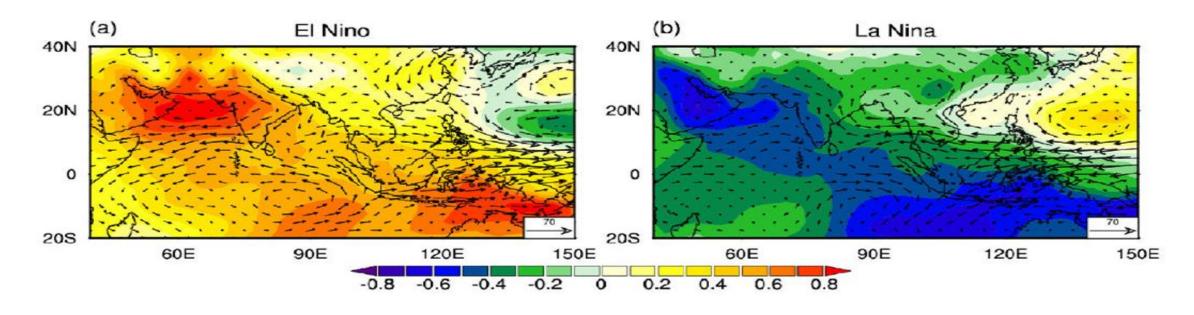


Relation between vertically integrated zonal moisture flux and meridional pressure gradient along the (a) western and (b) eastern boundary.

### **ENSO:**







Composite change in the surface pressure anomalies during (a) El Nino (b) and La Nina.

**El Nino:** Weakening (strengthening) of dPs on the western (eastern) side

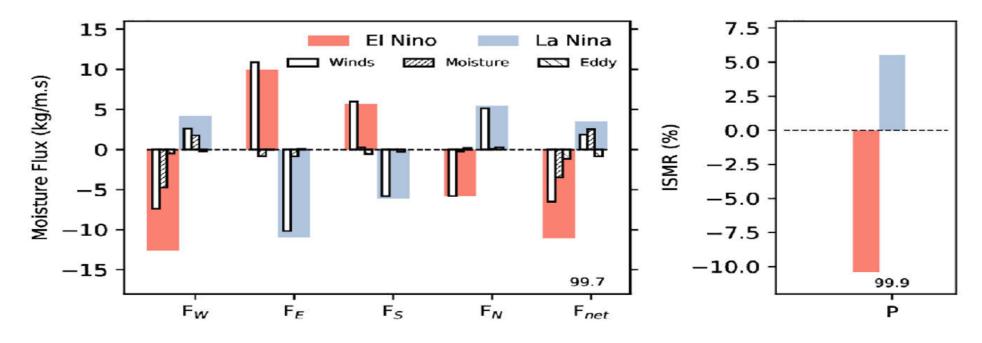
La Nina: Strengthening (weakening) of dPs on the western (eastern) side

### ENSO:









The corresponding change in moisture flux and its components and precipitation during ENSO years over the Indian land region.

$$ec{F}' = \langle ec{V} q 
angle' = \langle ec{V}' ar{q} 
angle + \langle ec{ec{V}} q' 
angle + \langle ec{V}' q' 
angle$$
 Wind Moisture Eddy flux component component







# Summary:

We proposed a common mechanism for major tropical events that physically links surface pressure with moisture budget of the atmosphere.

