Intraseasonal surface salinity variability and the MJO in a climate model

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Background and Motivation:

Surface and upper ocean salinity are significantly modulated by the MJO, but inconsistencies were reported even in a *qualitative* respect about the relative role of ocean dynamics vs. E-P (e.g., Matthews et al. 2010; Grunseich et al. 2013; Guan et al. 2014);

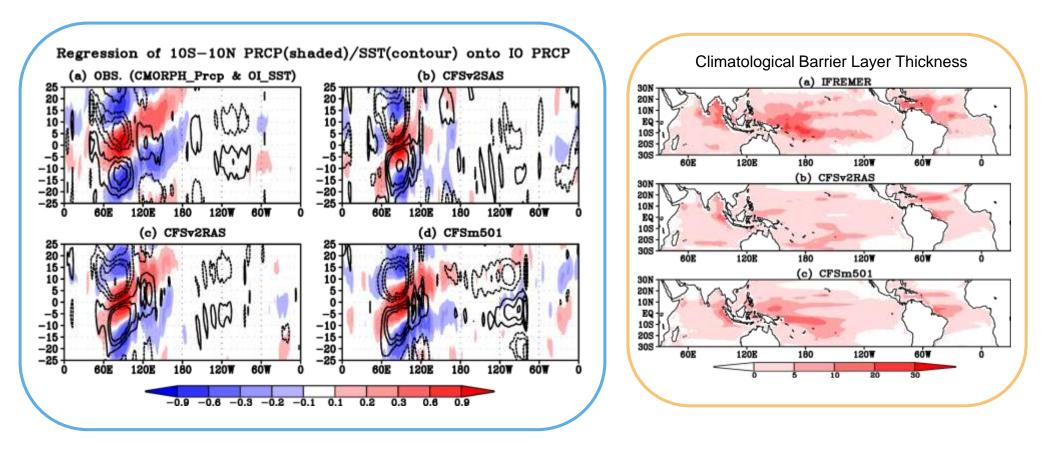
The current salinity observational coverage, together with a lack of high-quality 3D ocean current observations, is not sufficient for a *quantitative* description about salinity/freshwater budgets related to the MJO;

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Model: CFSm501

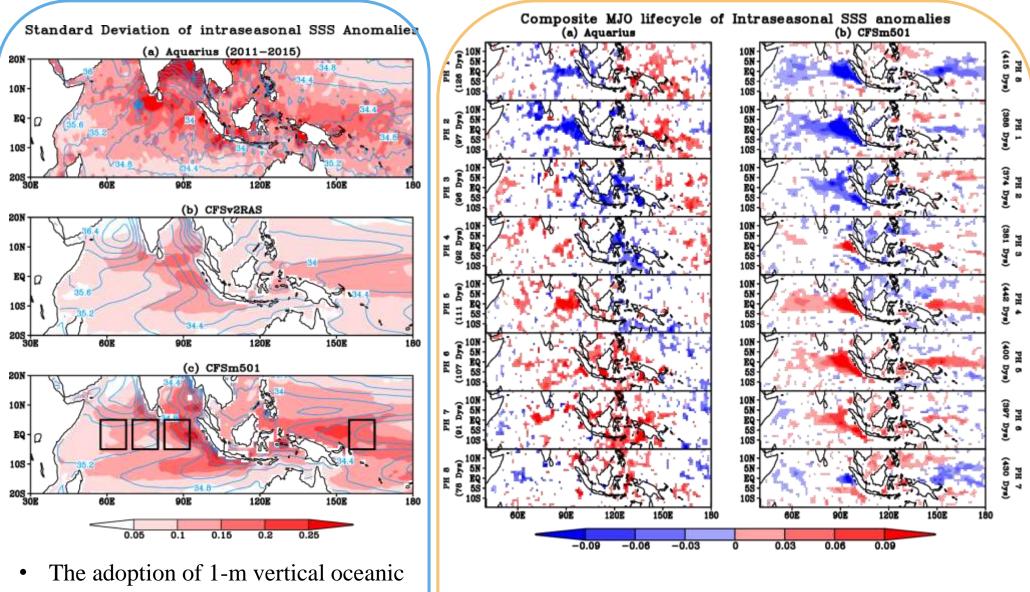
Two major modifications relative to the operational CFSv2:

- 1) The **SAS** atmospheric convection scheme=>**RAS**
- 2) Near the ocean surface, 10-meter vertical resolution=>1-meter



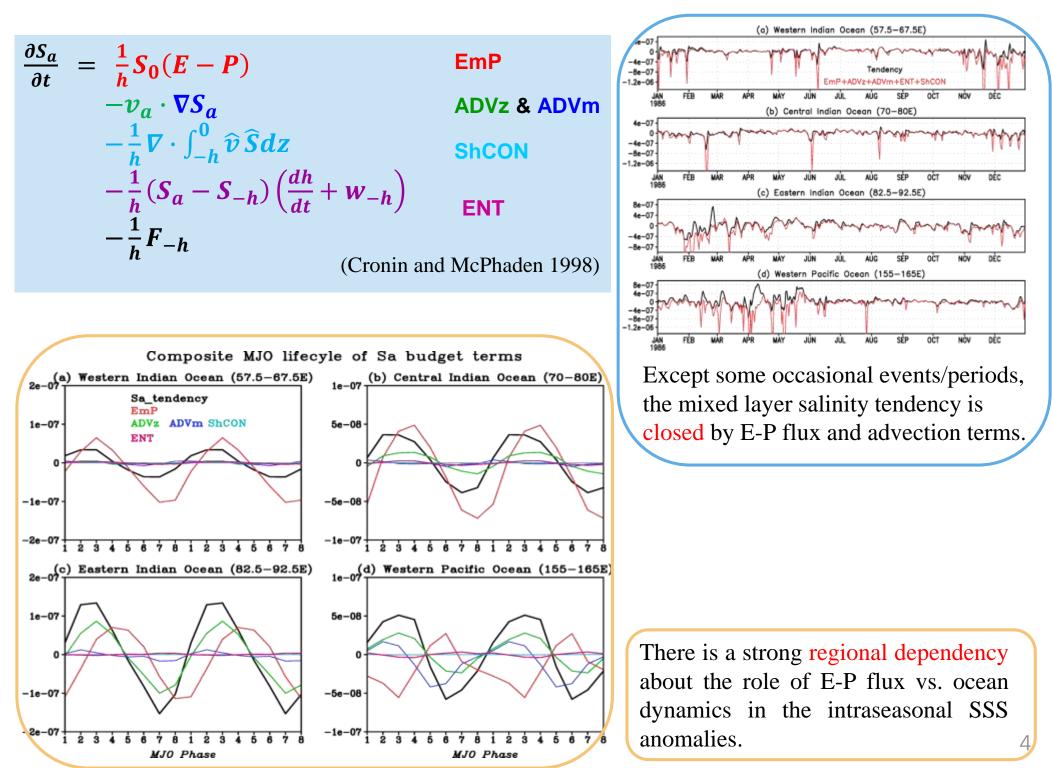
• Improved simulations of the **MJO**, **barrier layer** distribution/thickness, intraseasonal SST/SSS variance.....

Simulations of intraseasonal salinity variability



- resolution significantly improves the simulations of the intraseasonal SSS variance.
- CFSm501 realistically captured the composite
 MJO lifecycle of intraseasonal SSS anomalies.

Upper ocean salinity budget analysis



Summary

- The usage of the RAS convection scheme improves the MJO significantly;
- The adoption of 1-m vertical oceanic resolution improves the simulations of climatological BL distribution/thickness and intraseasonal SSS;
- Salinity budget analysis suggests a strong regional dependency about the role of E-P flux vs. ocean dynamics in the intraseasonal SSS anomalies.

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