

The Aleutian Low – Beaufort Sea Anticyclone: A new climate index for seasonal melt of the Pacific Arctic cryosphere

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January

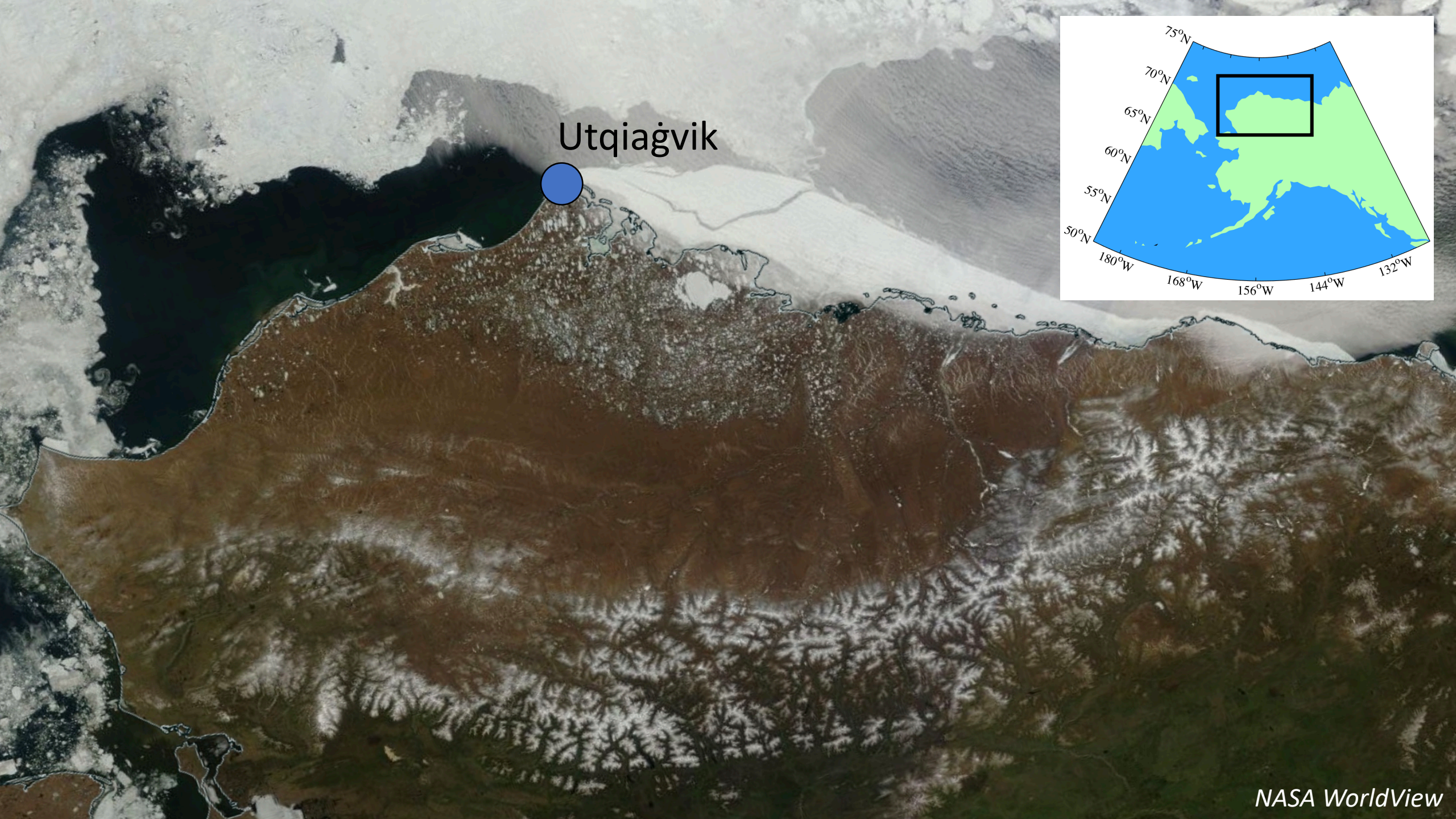


August

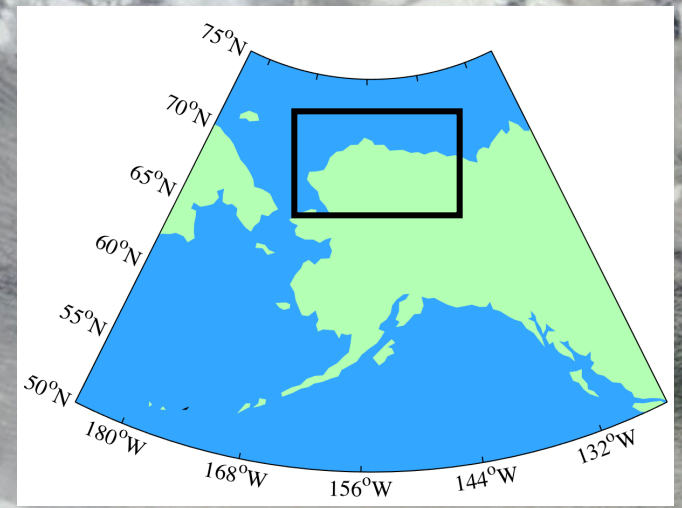


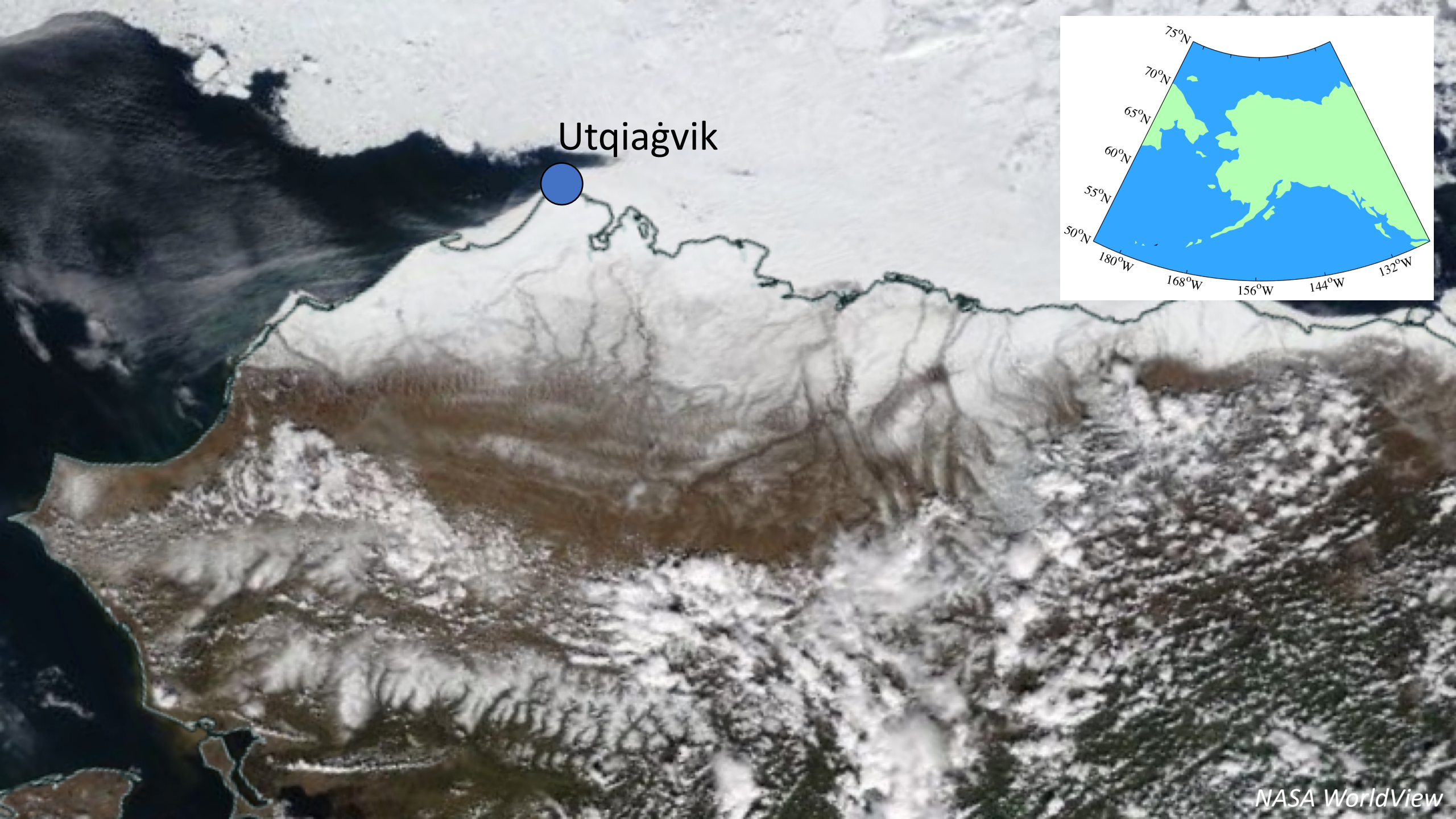
NOAA's 43rd Climate Diagnostics & Prediction Workshop
Santa Barbara, California, October 23-25, 2018



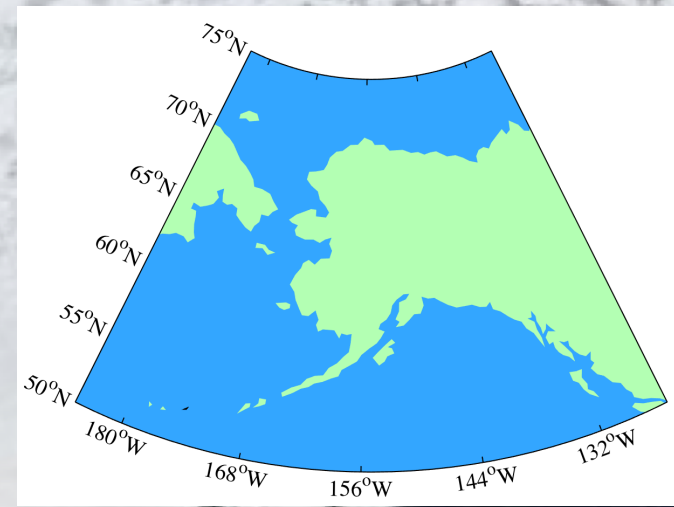


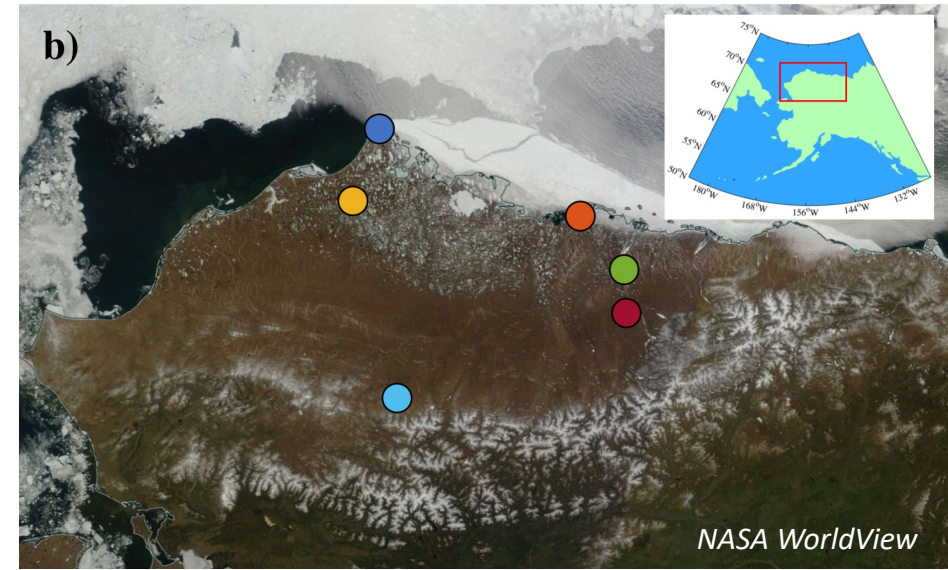
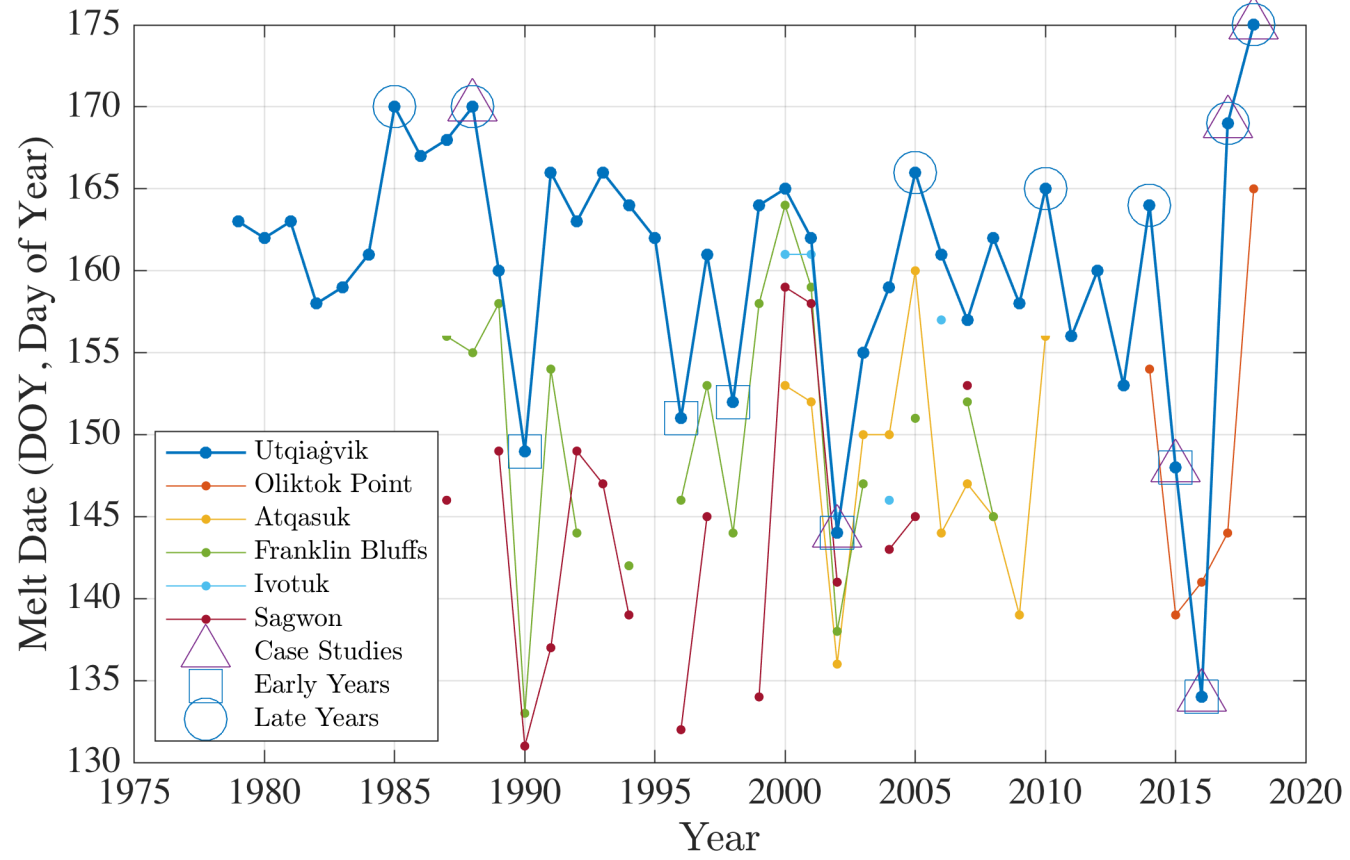
Utqiagvik



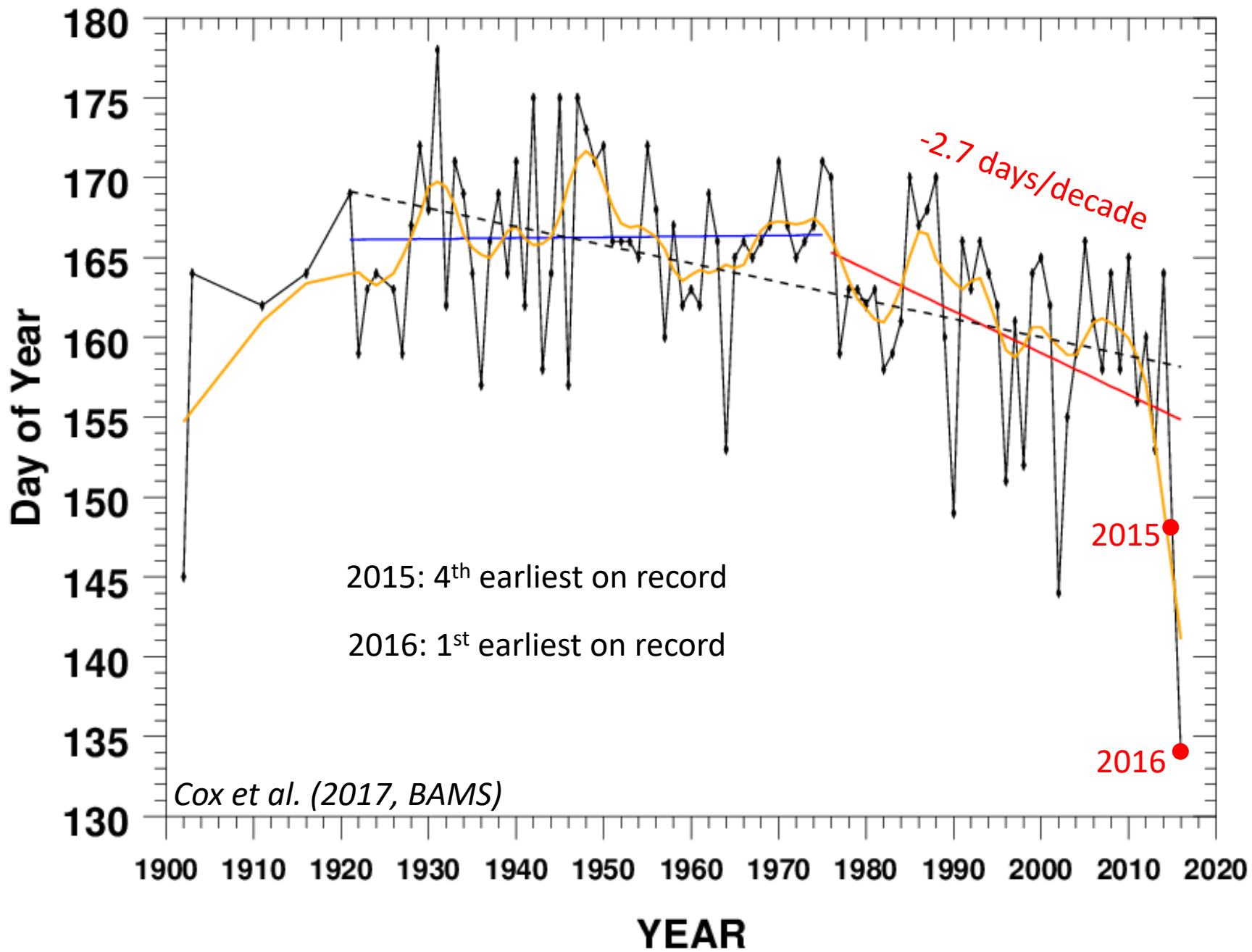


Utqiagvik

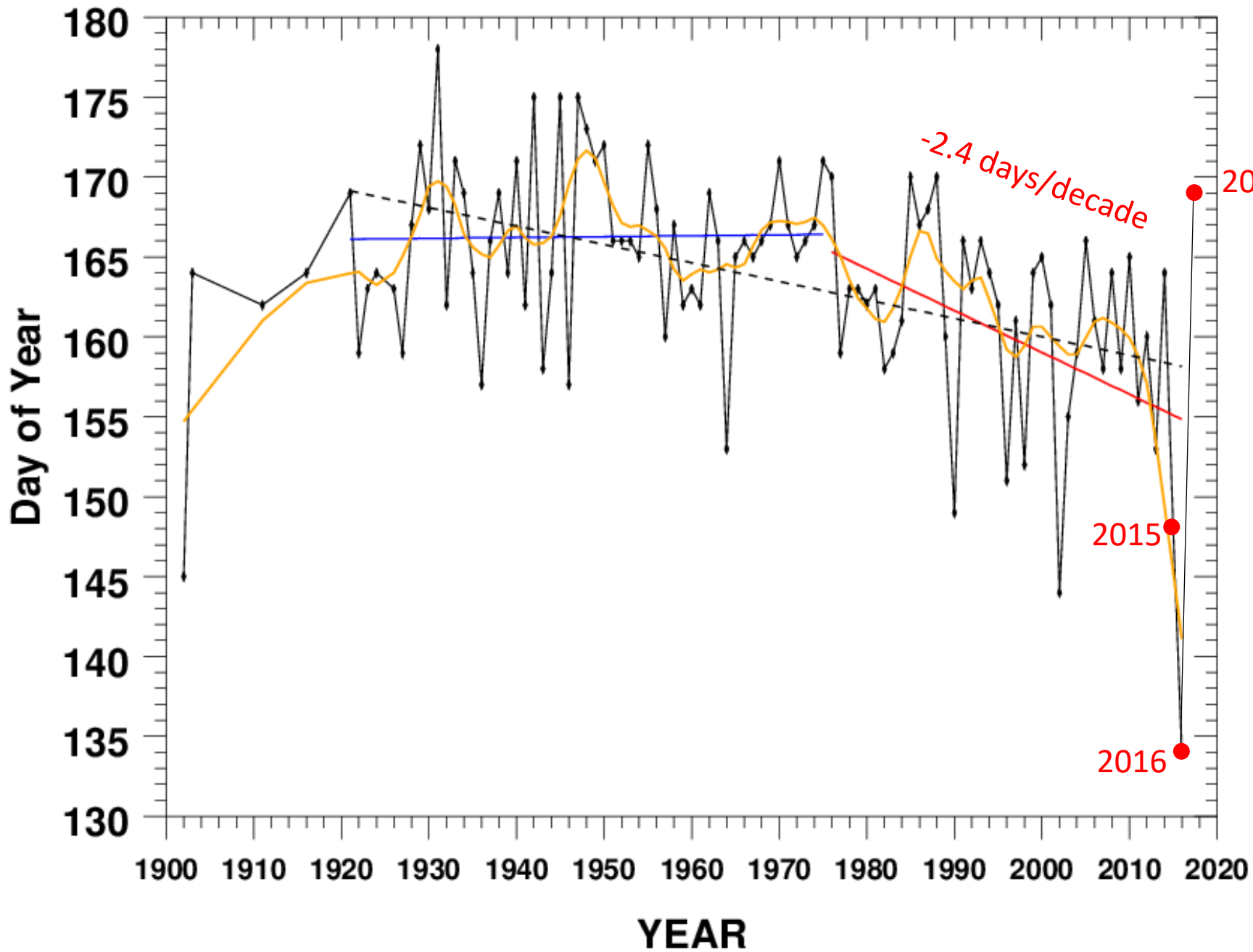




Date of snowmelt at Barrow

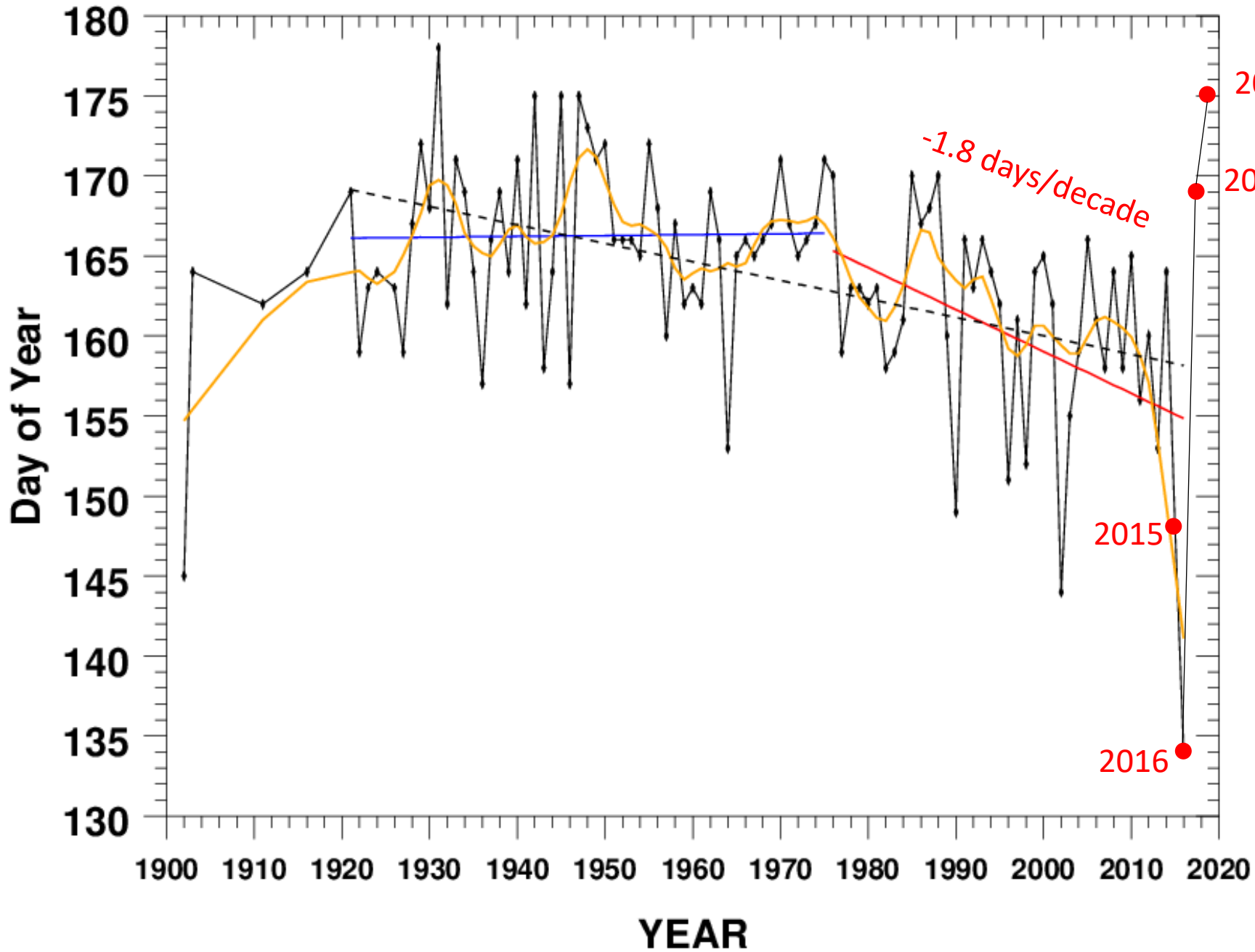


Date of snowmelt at Barrow



2015: 4th earliest on record
2016: 1st earliest on record
2017: latest since 1988

Date of snowmelt at Barrow



2015: 4th earliest on record

2016: 1st earliest on record

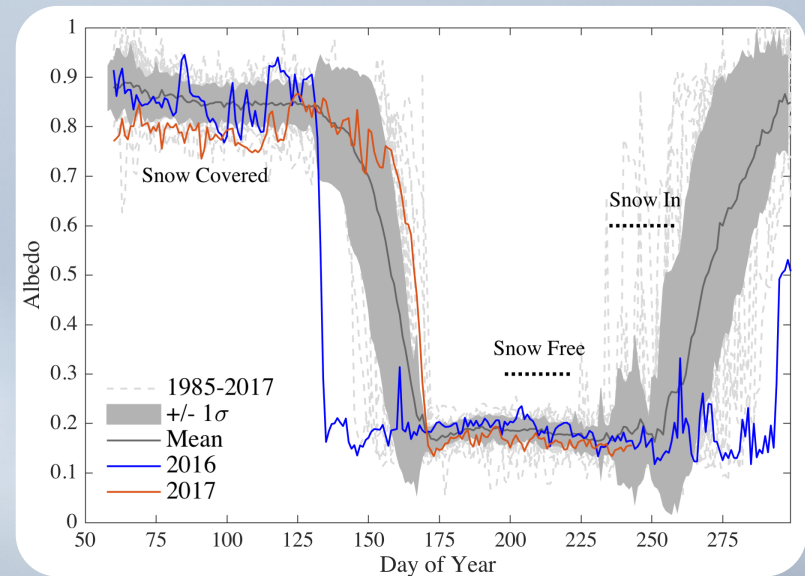
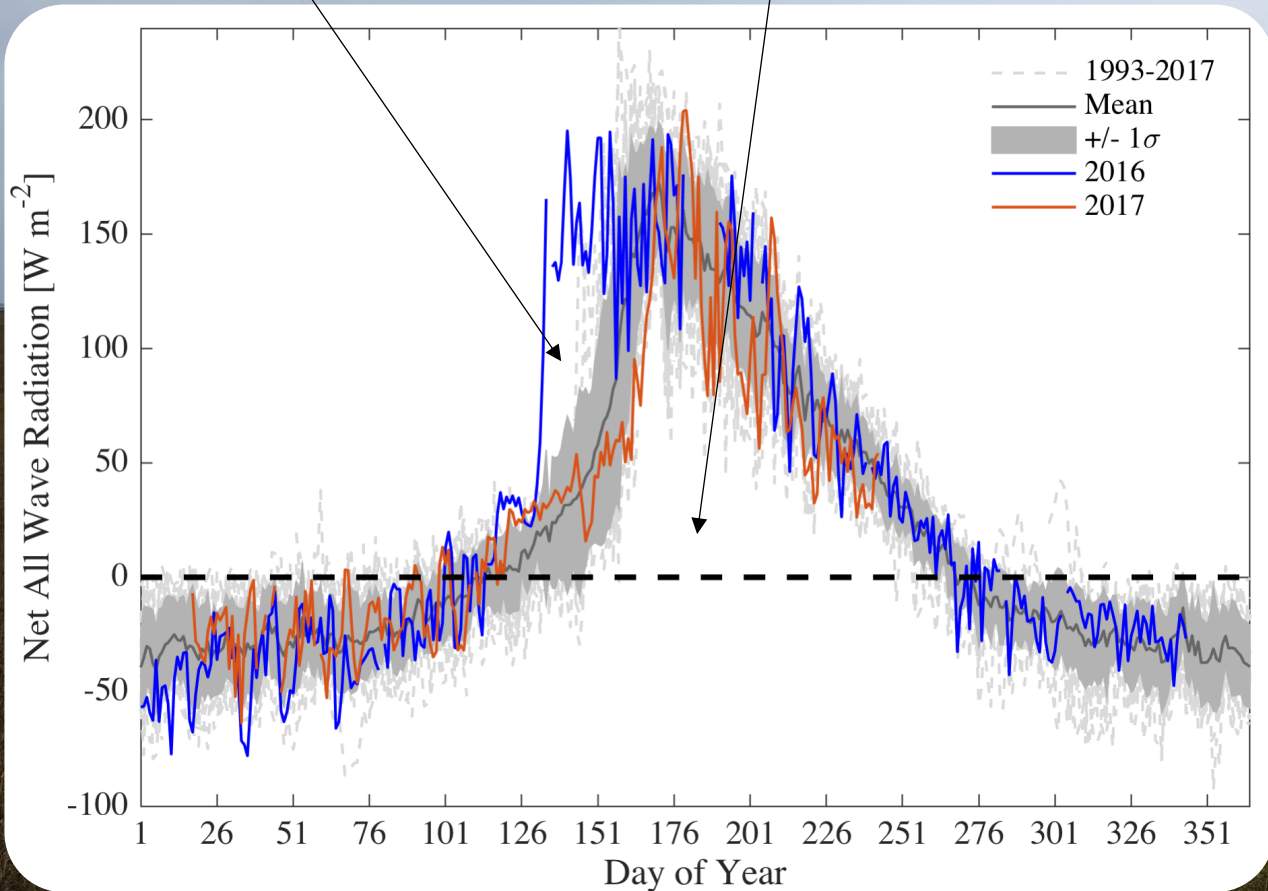
2017: latest since 1988

2018: latest since 1947

Impact on the surface radiation budget

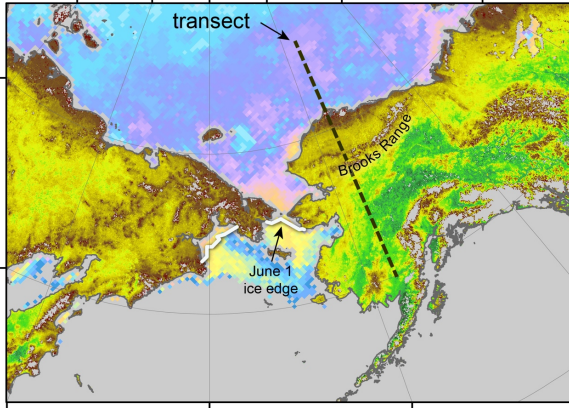
~294 MJ more in
2016 than 2017

~969 MJ avg for positive
net-rad period

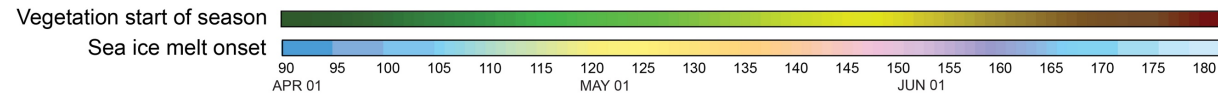
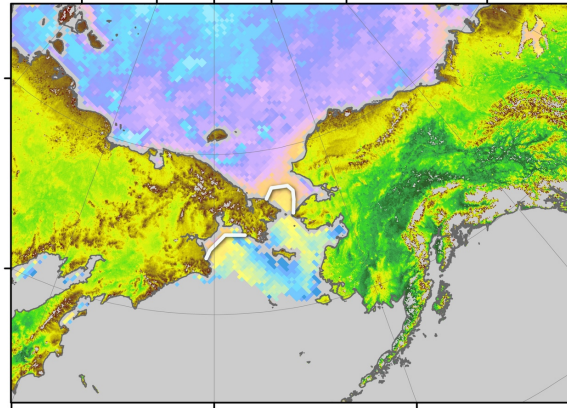


Why does this matter?

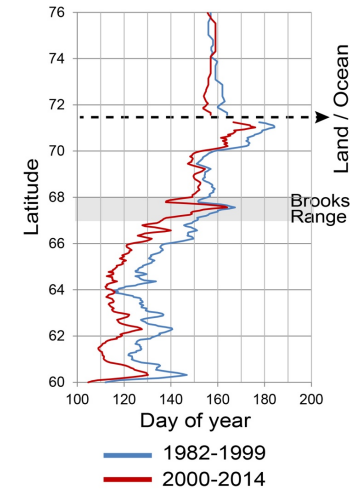
a) Start of season, 1982-1999



b) Start of season, 2000-2014

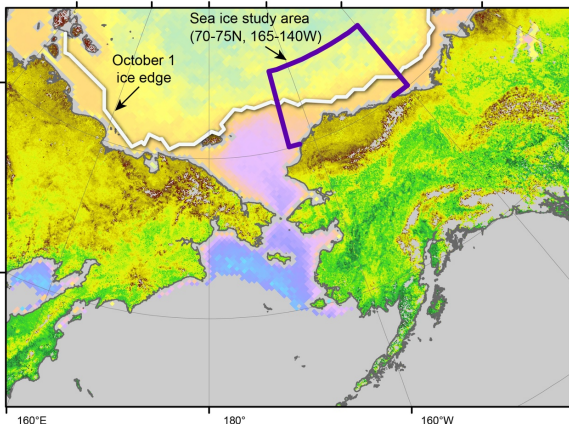


c) SOS transect profiles

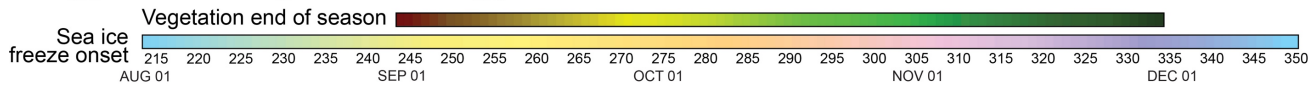
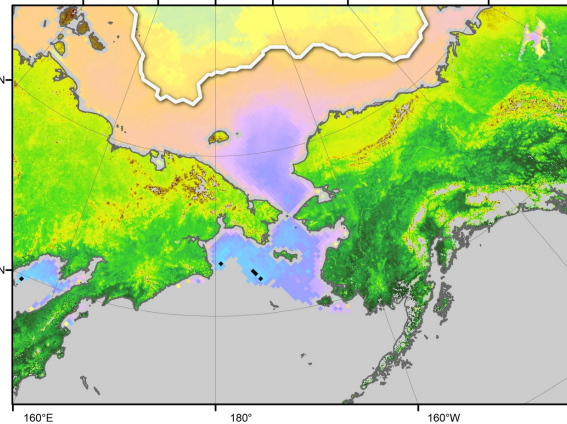


- Vegetation Phenology

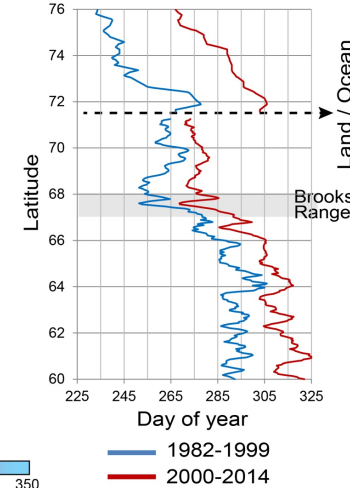
d) End of season, 1982-1999



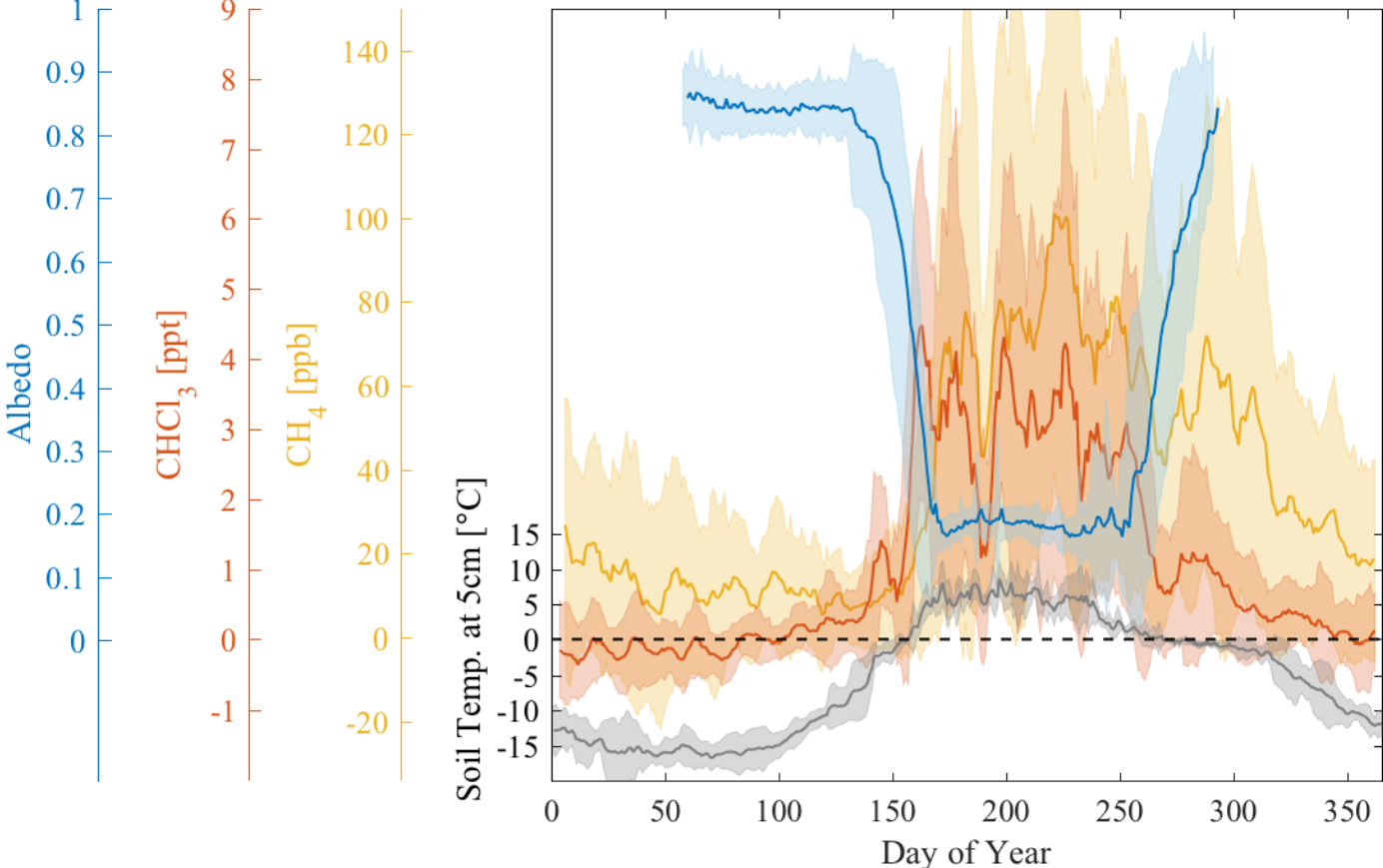
e) End of season, 2000-2014



f) EOS transect profiles

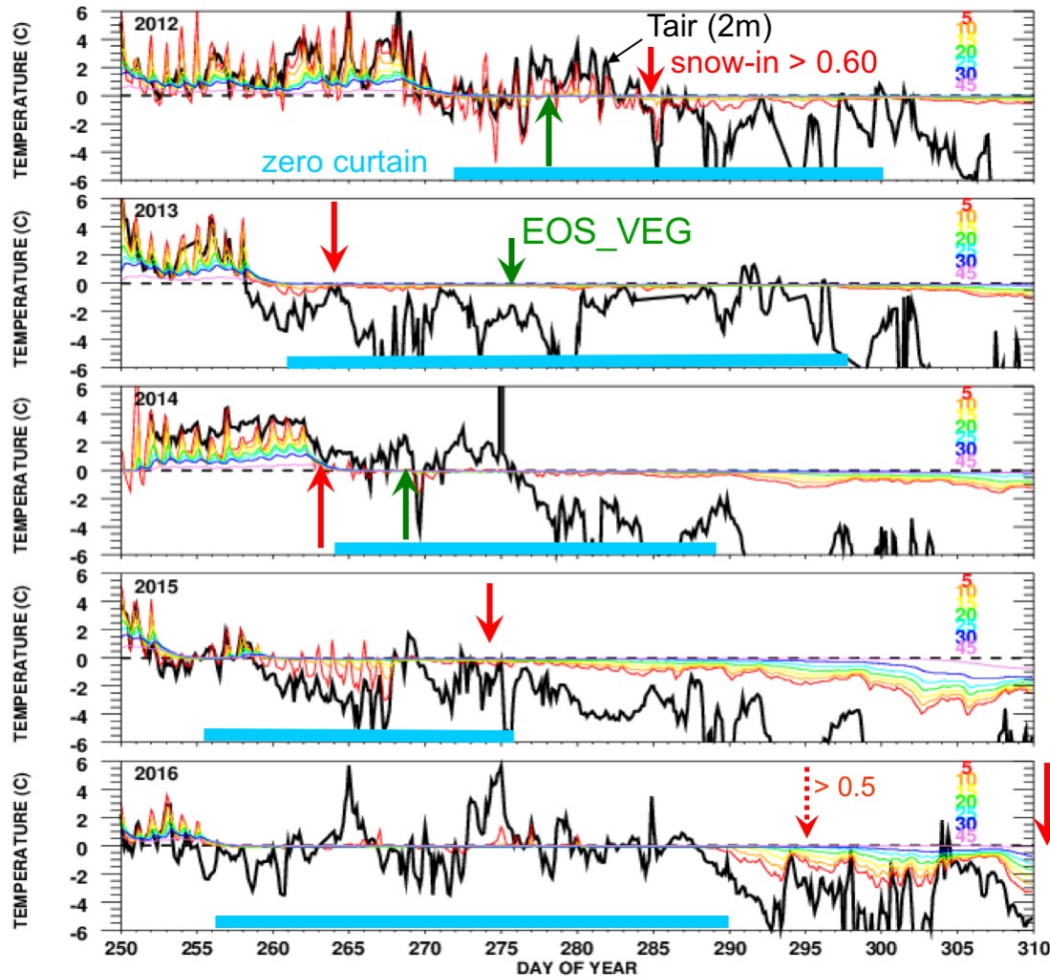


Why does this matter?



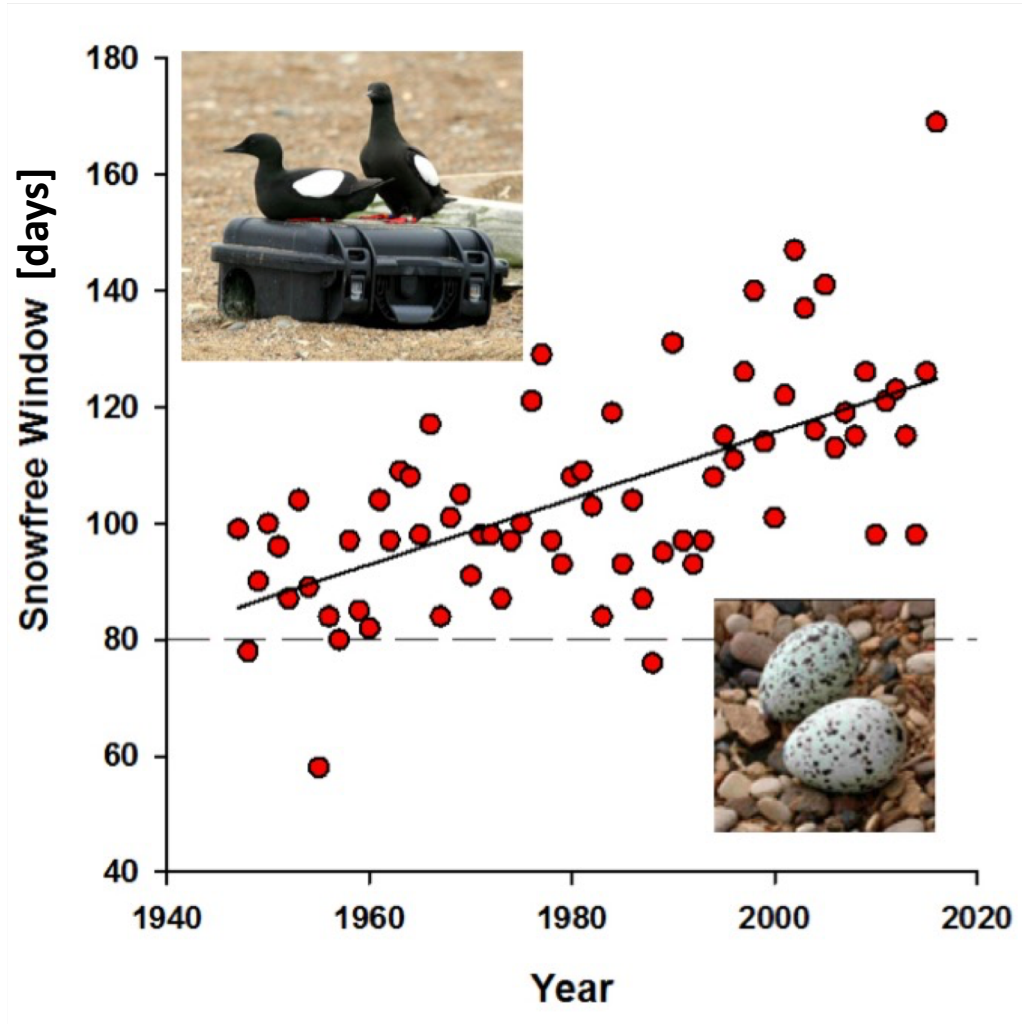
- Vegetation Phenology
- Biogeochemical Cycles

Why does this matter?



- Vegetation Phenology
- Biogeochemical Cycles
- Soil Temperature and Active Layer Depth

Why does this matter?



- Vegetation Phenology
- Biogeochemical Cycles
- Soil Temperature and Active Layer Depth
- Ecology

Why does this matter?



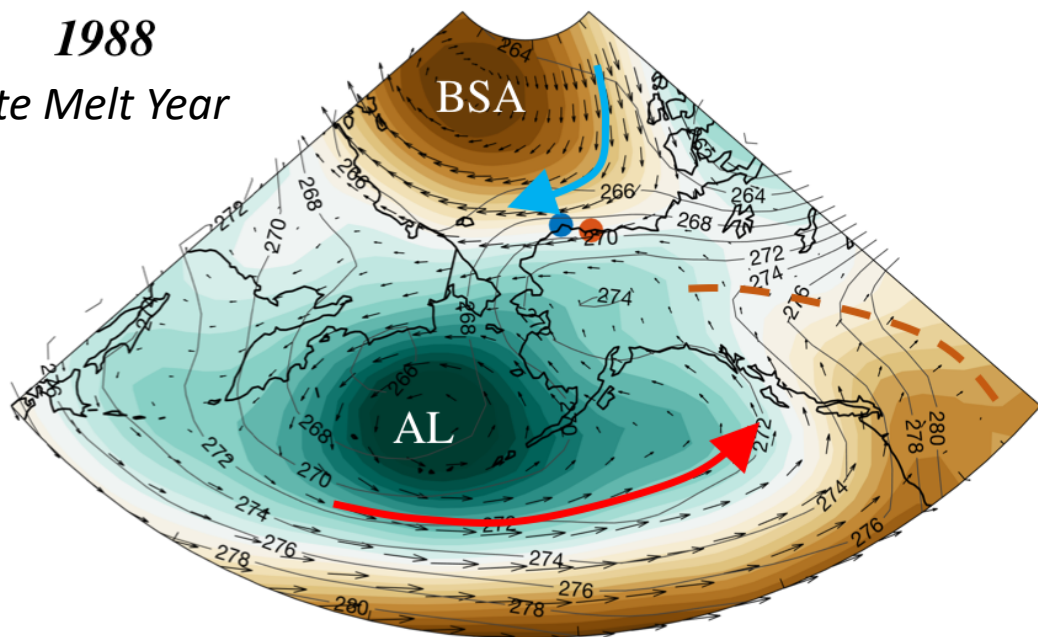
Kuparuk River, June 2018

*Photo:
Larry Shue*

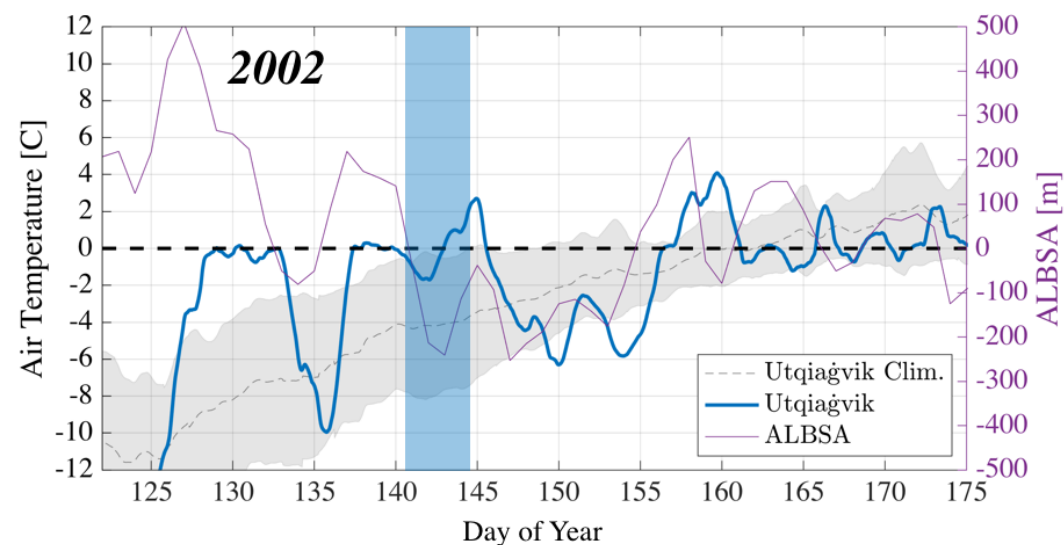
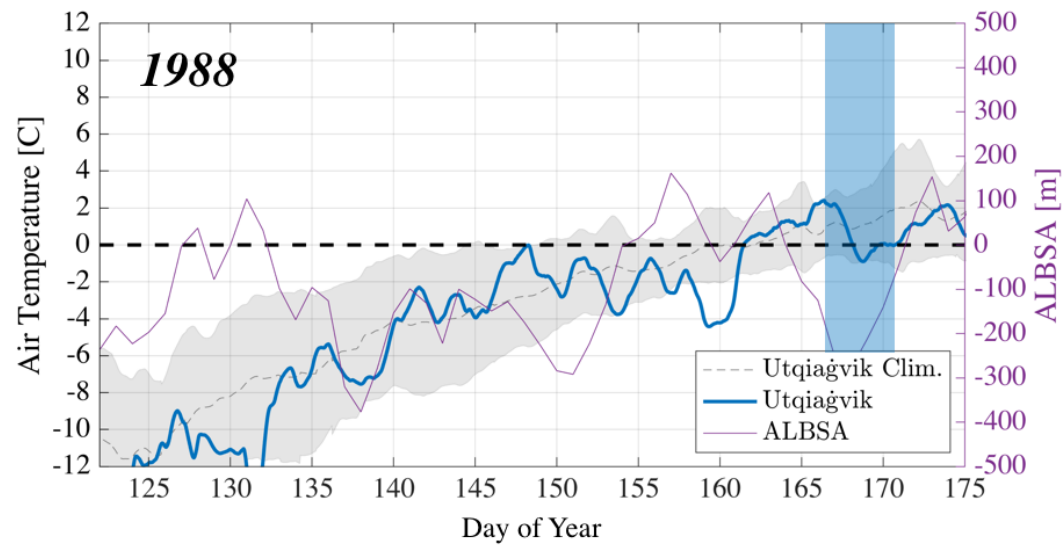
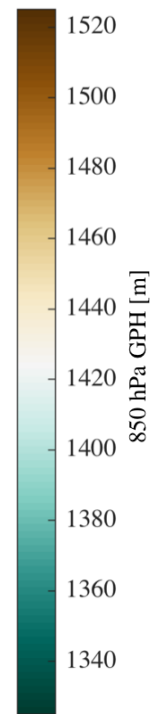
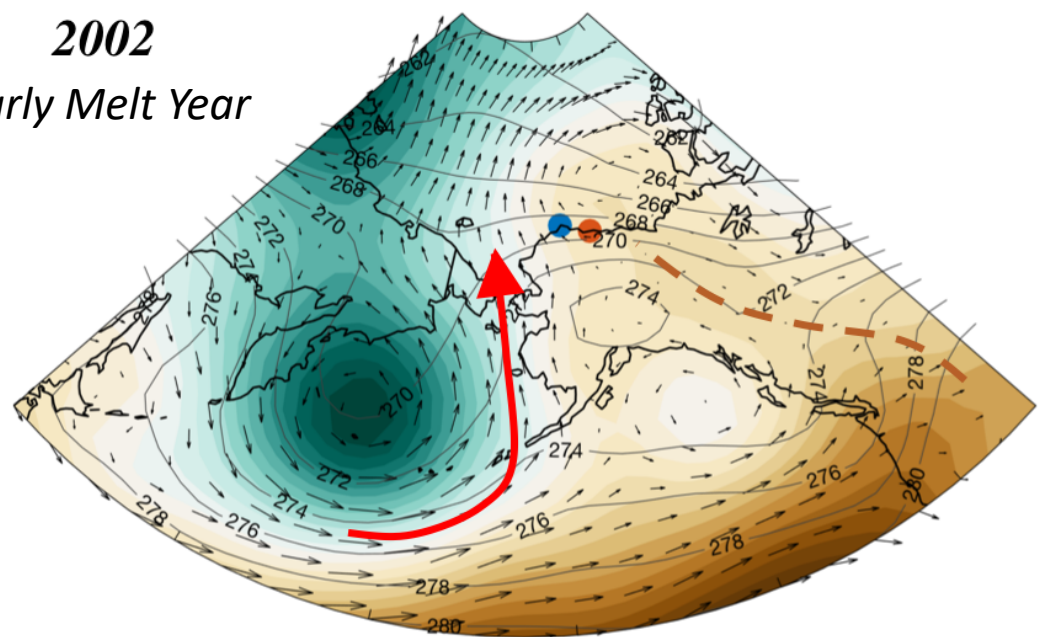
- Vegetation Phenology
- Biogeochemical Cycles
- Soil Temperature and Active Layer Depth
- Ecology
- Seasonal Planning

May Average 850 hPa GPH

1988
Late Melt Year



2002
Early Melt Year

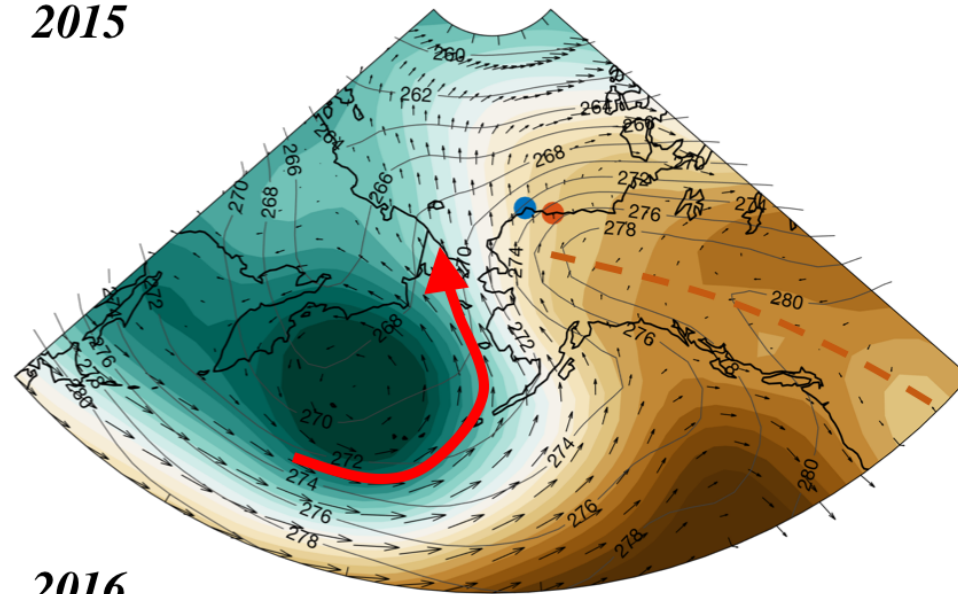
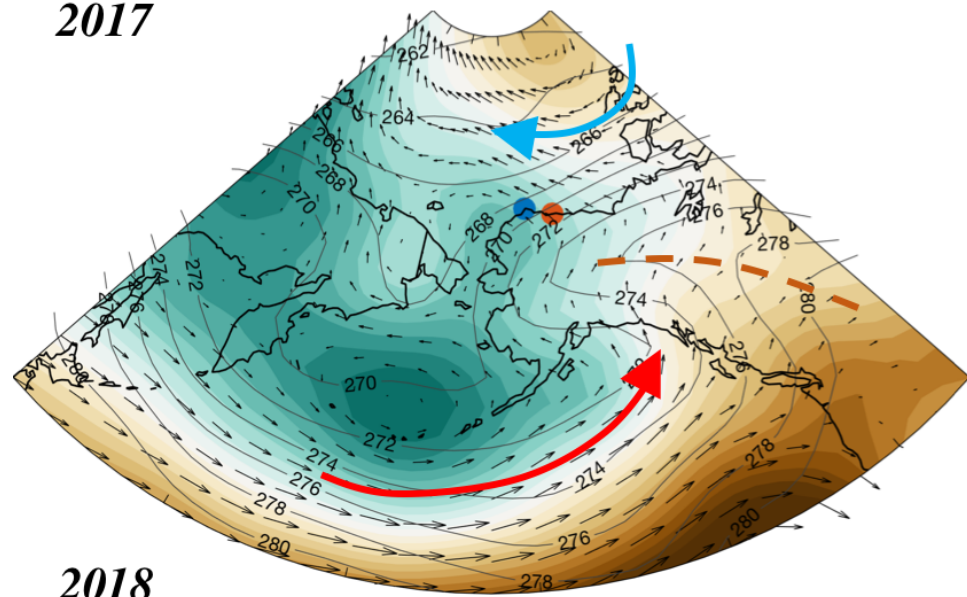


Late Melt Years

Early Melt Years

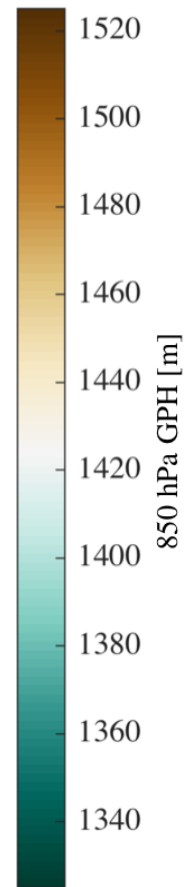
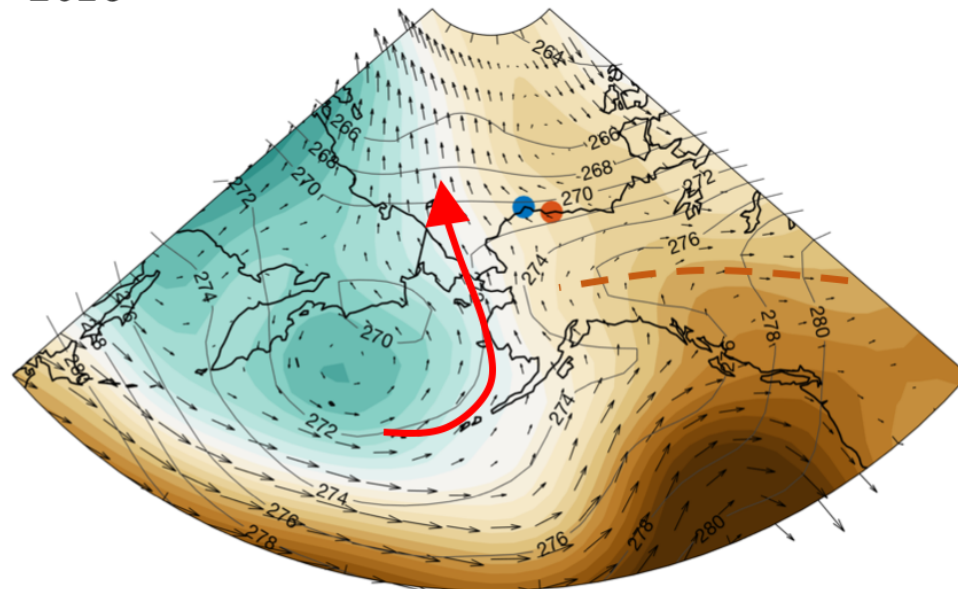
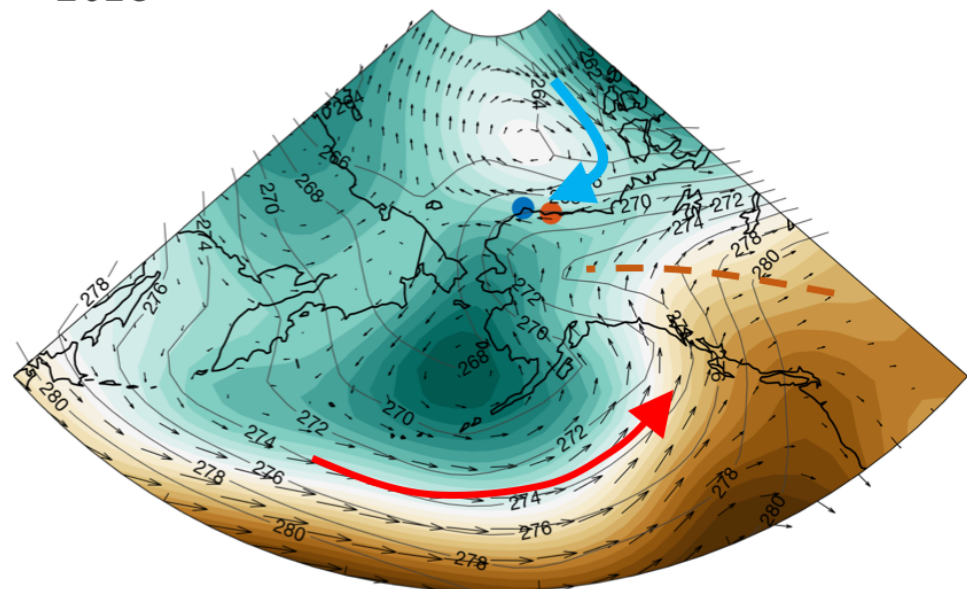
2017

2015

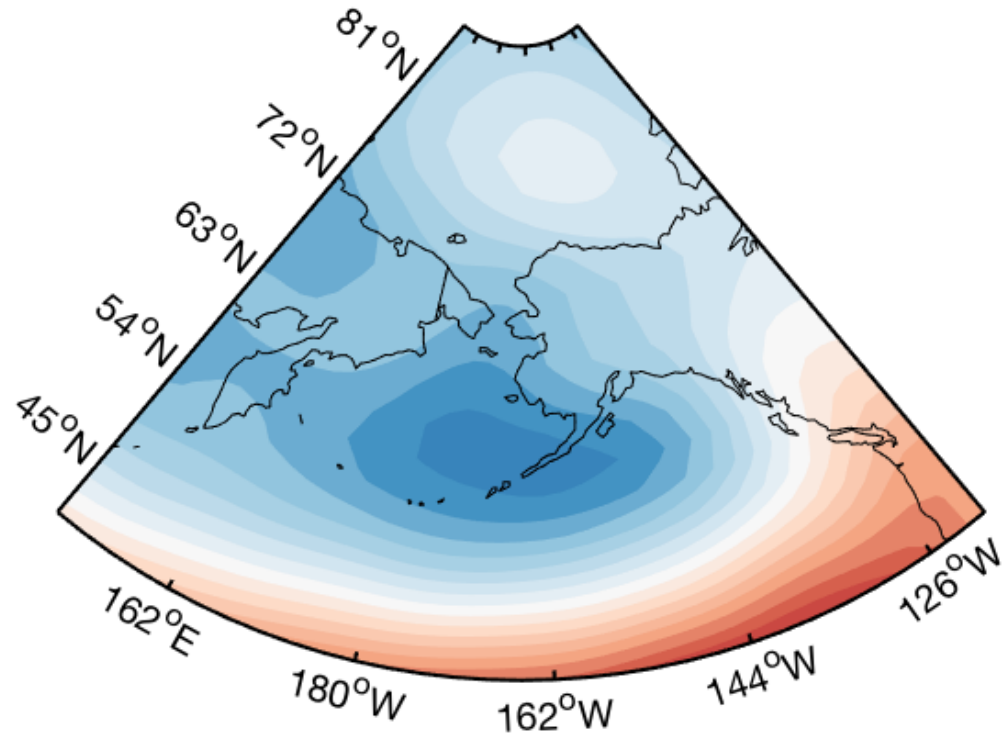


2018

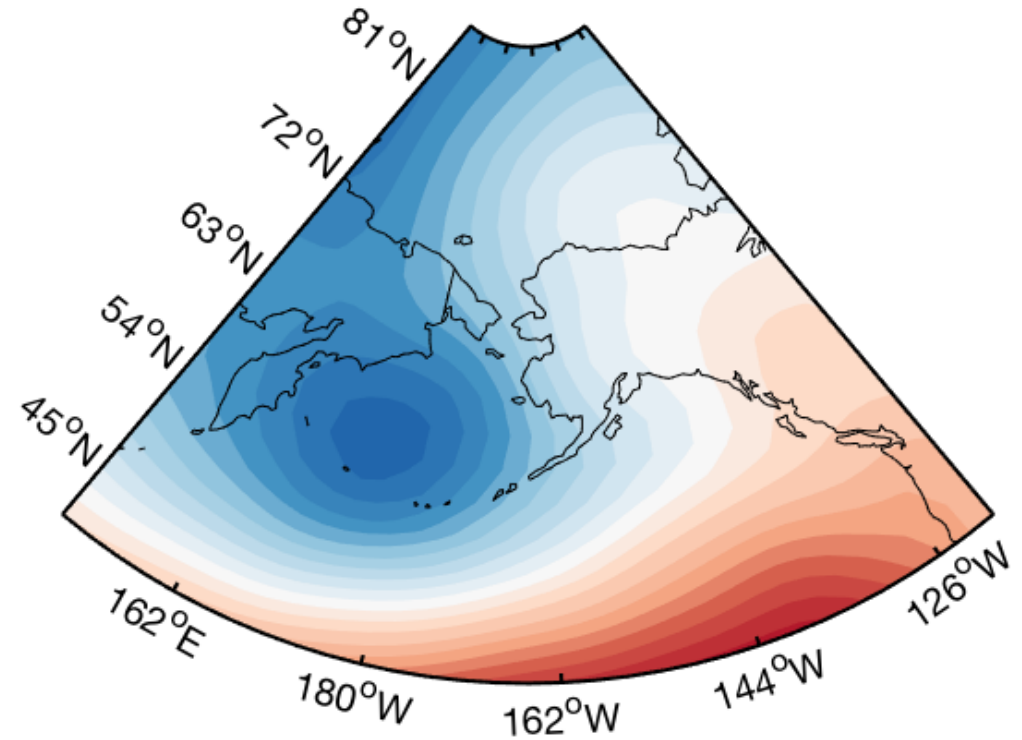
2016



Years \geq 5 Days late

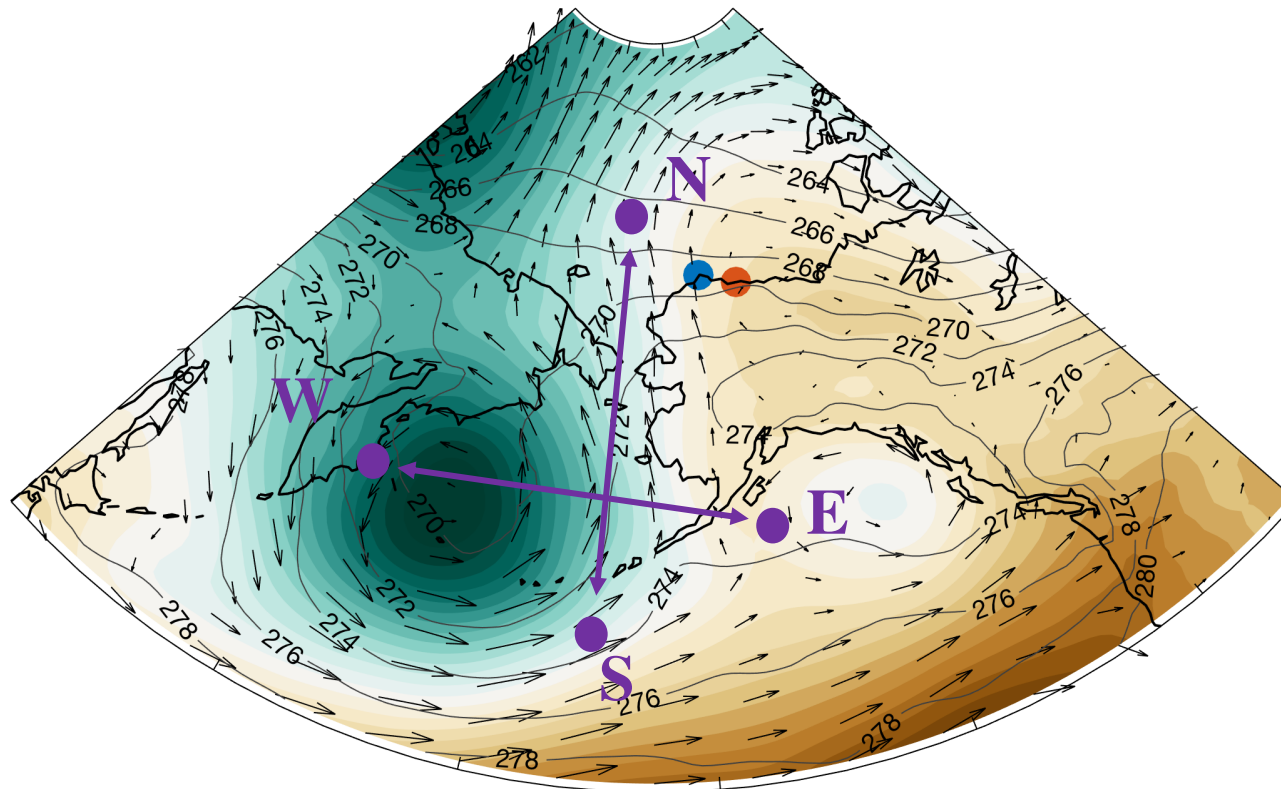


Years \leq 5 Days early



Aleutian Low Beaufort Sea Anticyclone

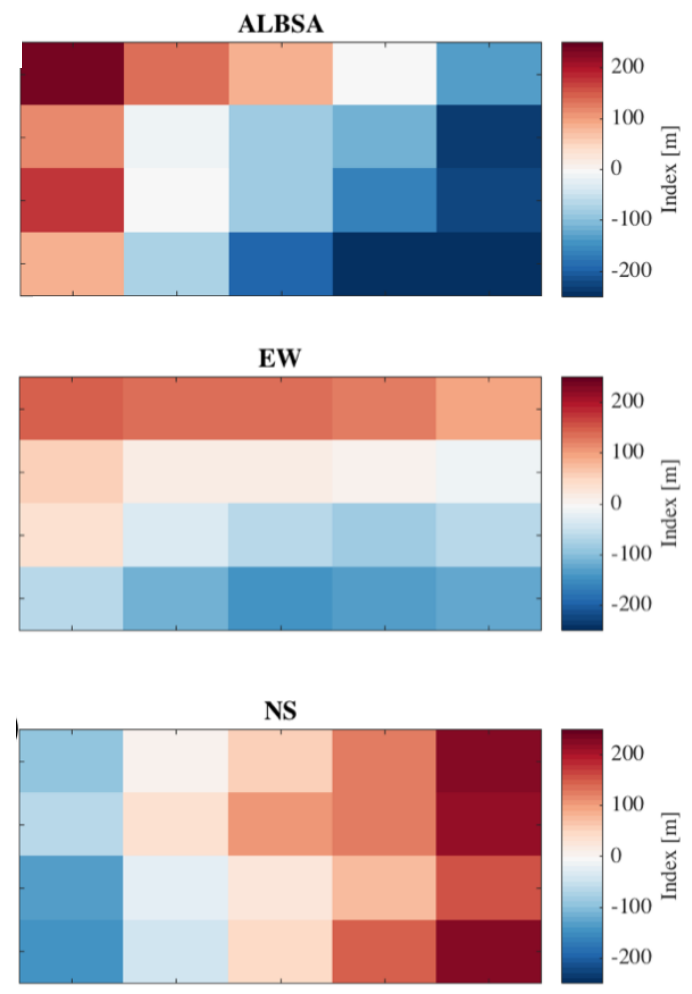
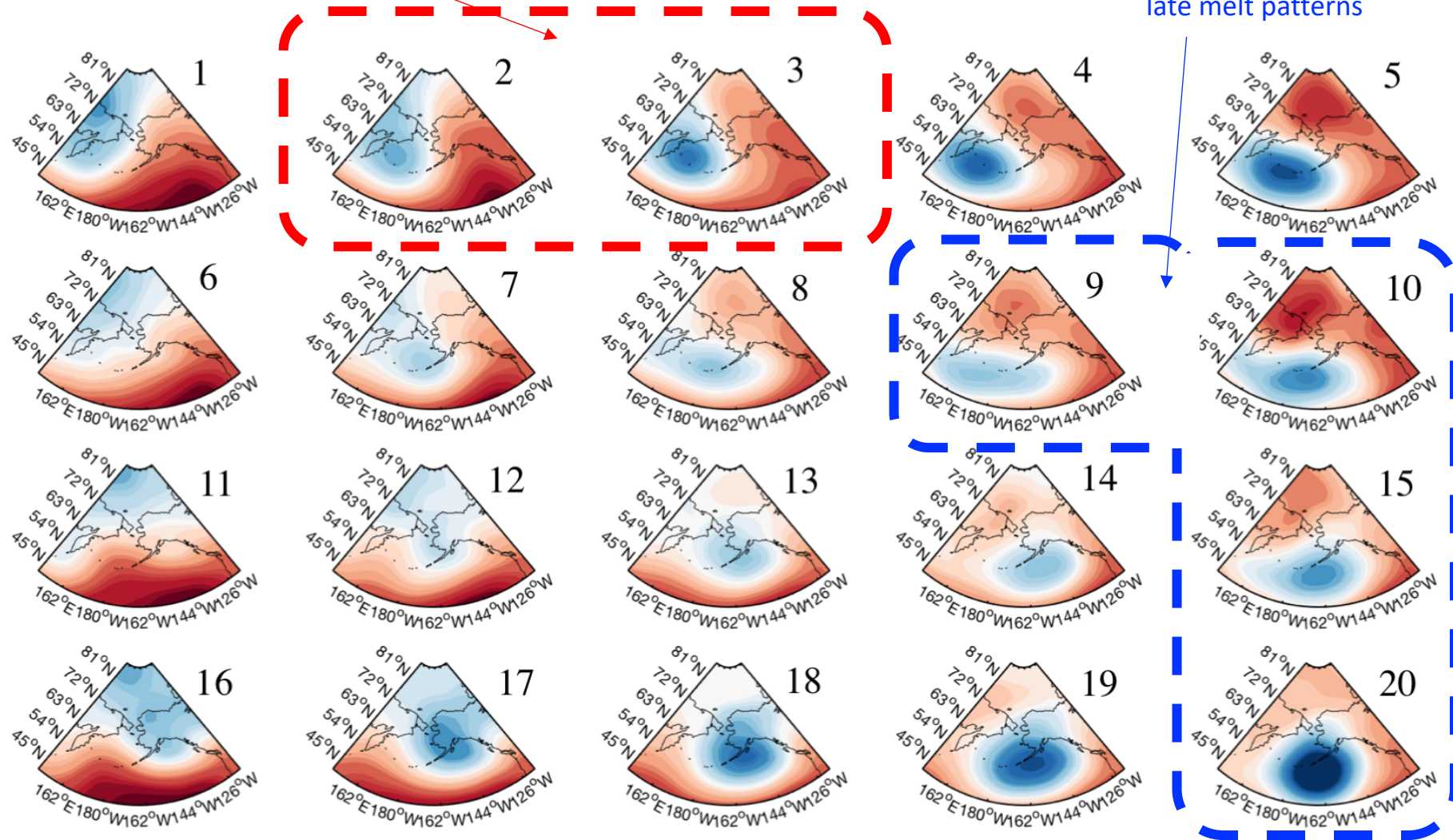
ALBSA = [E-W] – [N-S]

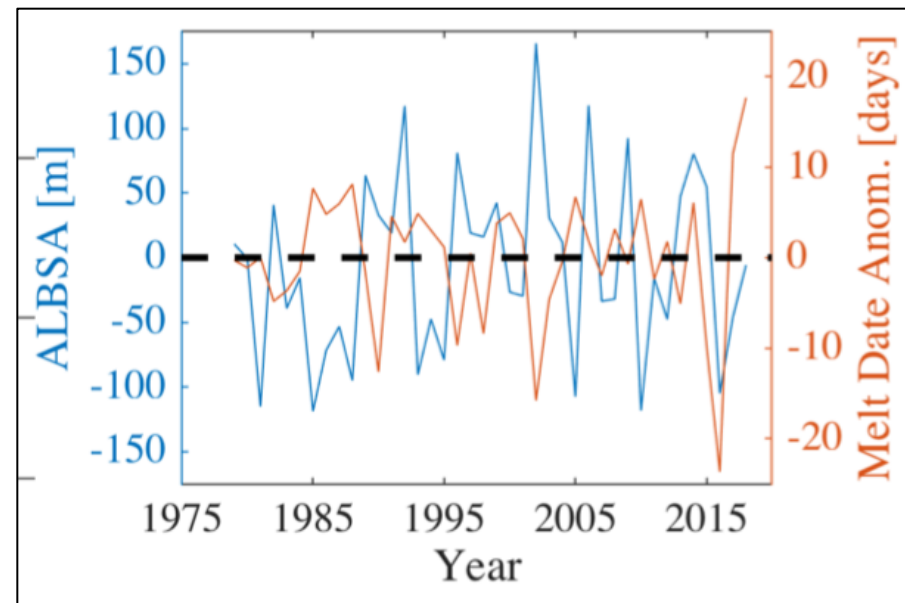
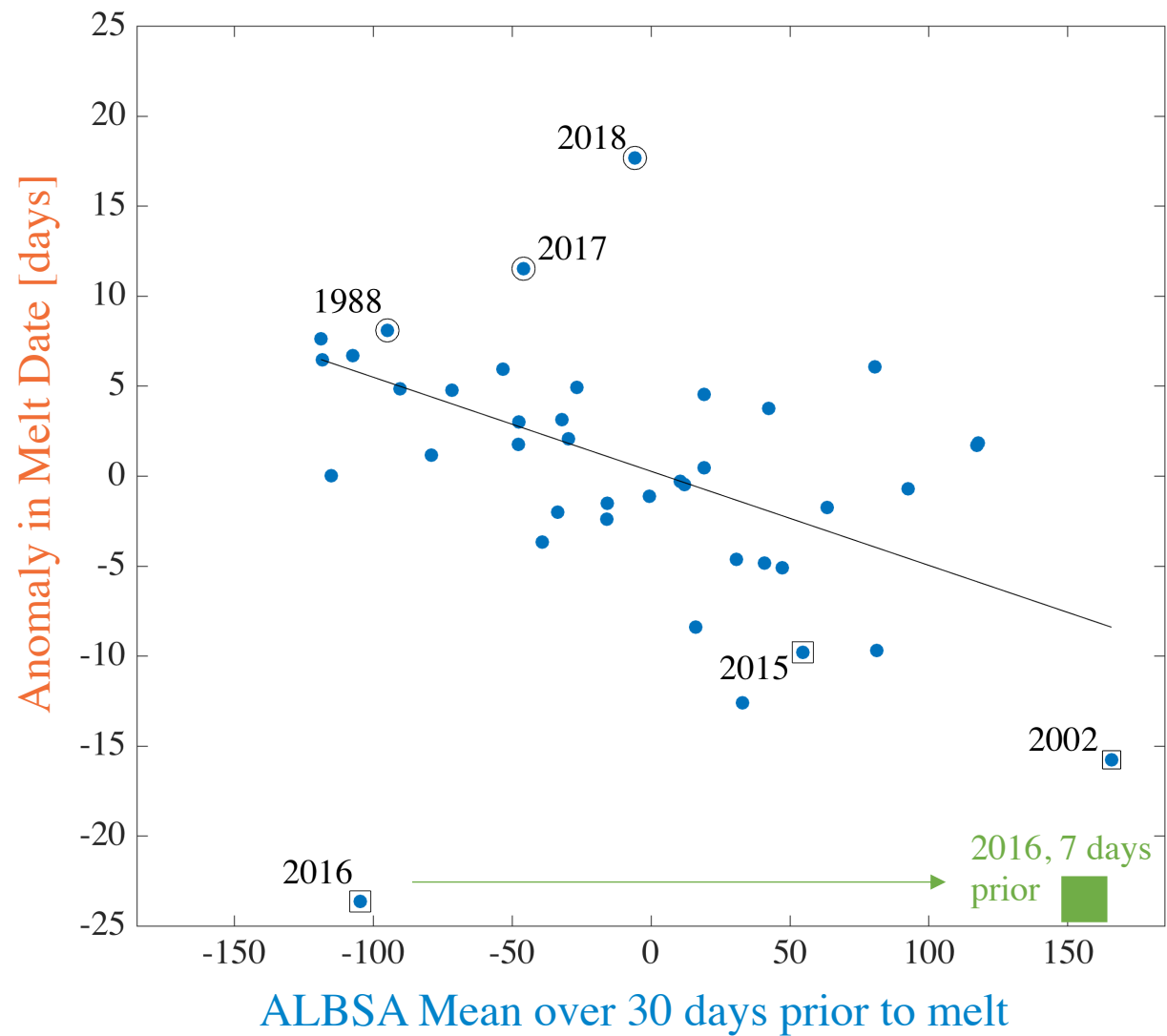


Mapping May-average ALBSA to a Self Organizing Map

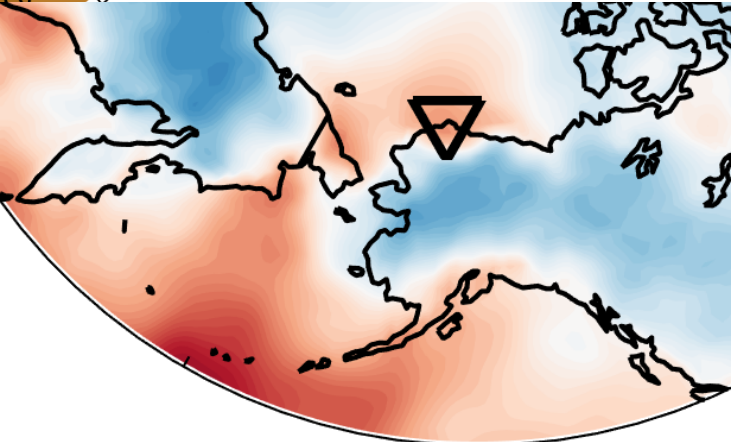
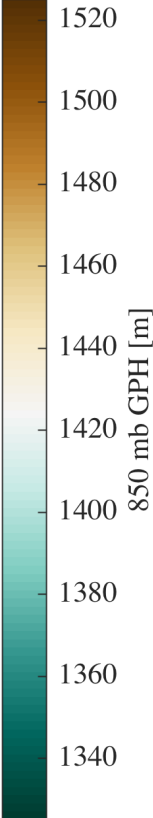
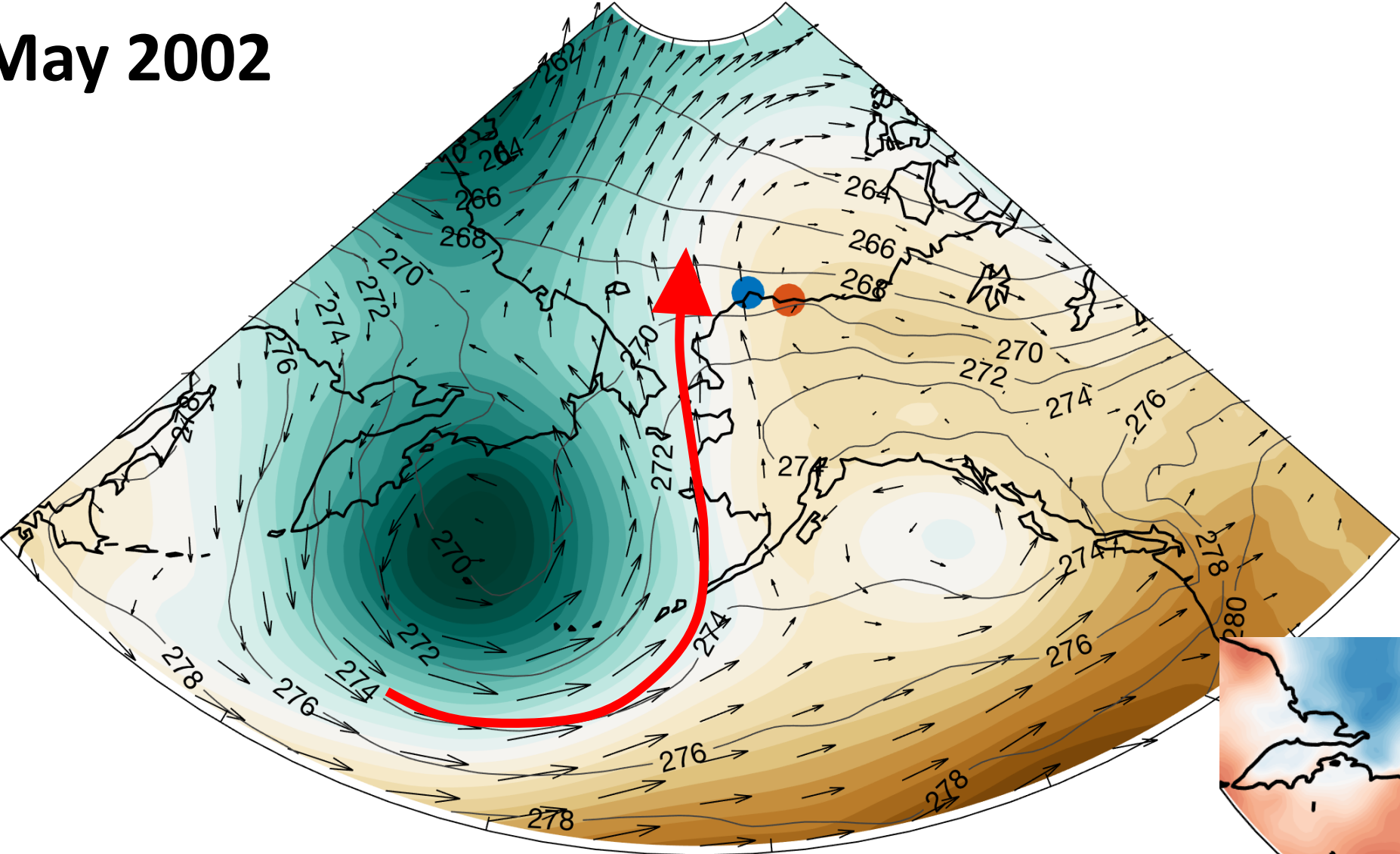
These are the main early melt patterns

These are the some late melt patterns

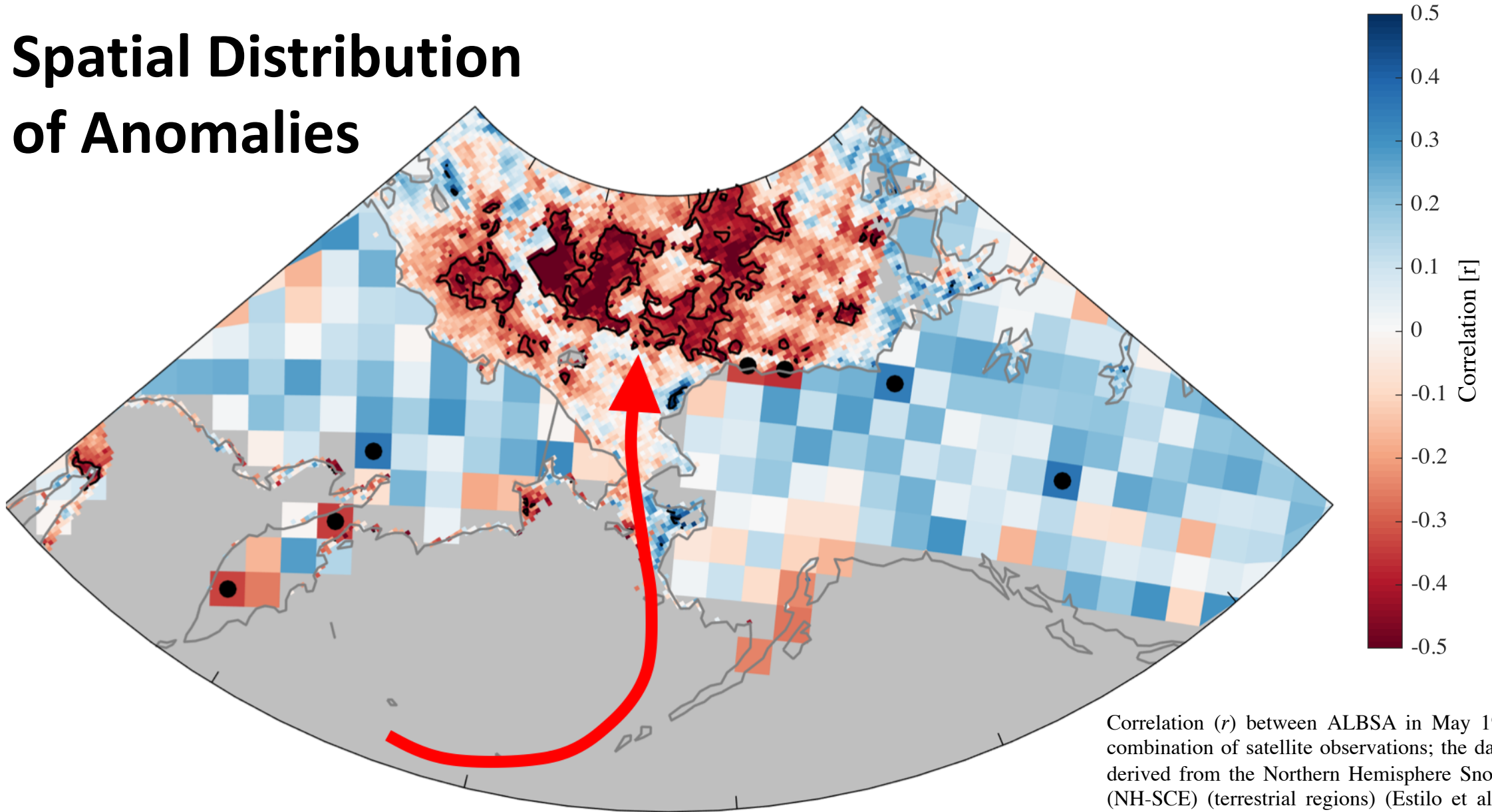




May 2002

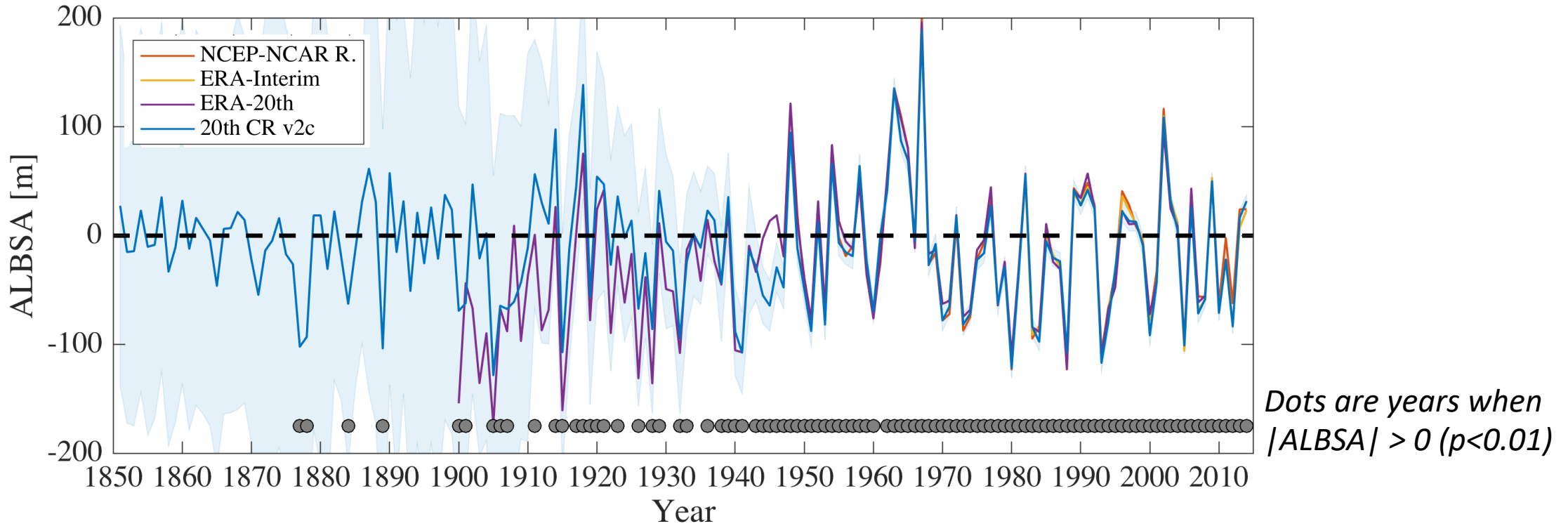


Spatial Distribution of Anomalies



Correlation (r) between ALBSA in May 1979-2017 and a combination of satellite observations; the date of snow melt derived from the Northern Hemisphere Snow Cover Extent (NH-SCE) (terrestrial regions) (Estilo et al. 2015) and the date of melt onset over sea ice derived from SSM/I passive microwave data (sea ice regions) (Markus et al. 2009).

Long Term ALBSA Record (May) – 20th C. Reanalysis



Time Lengths of Relevant Data Sets



Thanks to Gil Compo for help with 20CR

Conclusions

- The date of snowmelt at Utqiagvik has been documented by NOAA-NWS/NOAA-GMD for 101 of the past 117 years and every year since 1925.
- Extraordinary interannual variability from 2015-2018 motivates re-examination of the record and efforts to improve predictions of the timing of melt with lead times of weeks to months.
- The timing of snowmelt on Alaska's north coast and melt onset over sea ice in the Beaufort and Chukchi Seas are influenced by advection facilitated by the juxtaposition of the Aleutian Low and the Beaufort High.
- We developed a 4-pt climate index, "ALBSA", that represents the variability in Pacific-Arctic atmospheric circulation.
- Future efforts needed to assess predictability and incorporate state-wide observational data sets.

