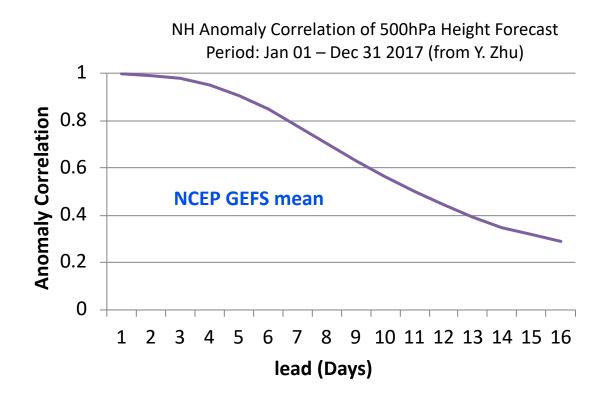
## **Toward Improving Short-Lead Monthly Forecast**

Peitao Peng, Mike Halpert, Stephen Baxter, and Mike Charles

CPC/NCEP/NWS/NOAA

# Rational



Weather forecast skill decays fast with lead time, meanwhile, big anomalies of variables occurred in early period of a month could have big impact to their monthly mean values, thus for a short-lead monthly forecast, its skill could be improved by counting the skill decay from the initial state through the forecast period.

# Procedure

1. Calculate hindcast skill (temporal AC) for the 4 submonthly periods : a)Days 1-3, b)Days 4-7, c)Days 8-14, d)Days 15-30

2. Construct 30-day weighted mean forecast by weighting the 4 sub-monthly forecasts with their hindcast AC skill:

$$f_w = \frac{1}{30} \sum_{n=1}^4 d_n f_n A C_n$$

Where d is the day number, f the forecast, AC the temporal anomaly correlation skill in hindcast.

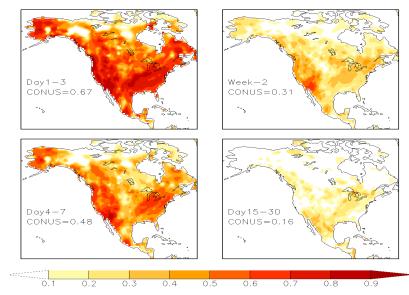
## Data:

- 1. CFS 45-day hindcast (1999-2010), forecast (2011-2017)
- 2. Surface air temperature (SAT): CPC analyses
- 3. Precipitation (Prec): CPC's gauge-based unified dataset (Xie)

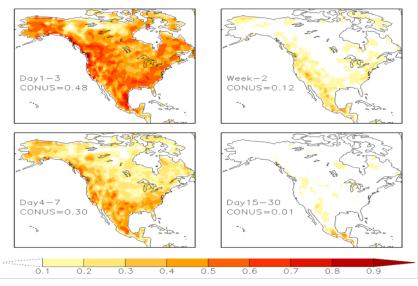
Hindcast skill (AC) comparison for the 4 subperiods for Initial Conditions in January and July

# **Hindcast AC Skill of Prec**

AC Skill of CFSv2 Prec Hindcast with ICs in Jan of 1999-2010



AC Skill of CFSv2 Prec Hindcast with ICs in July of 1999-2010

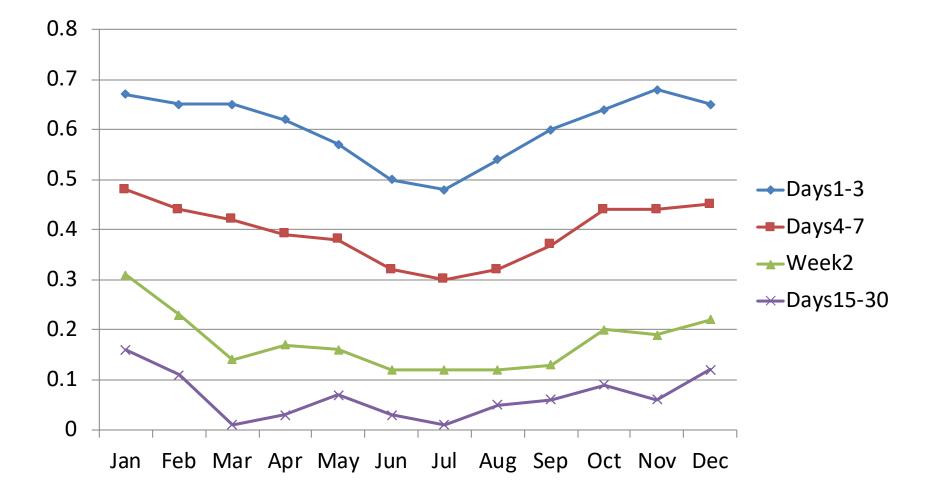


#### **ICs in Januanry**

# Skill decays fast from early to Late periods

ICs in July

### Hindcast Prec AC Skill Averaged over CONUS



# Hindcast AC Skill of SAT

0.1

0.2

0.3

0.4

0.5

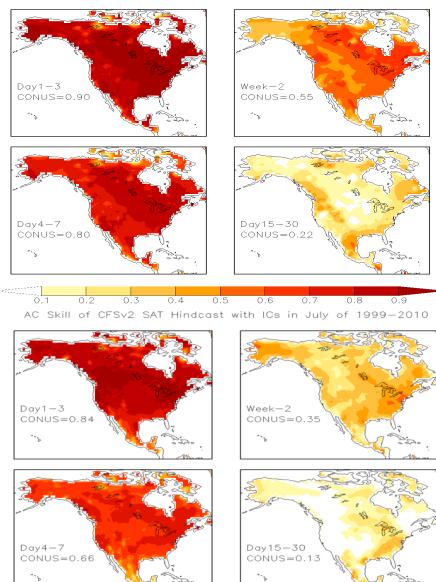
0.6

0.7

0.8

0.9

AC Skill of CFSv2 SAT Hindcast with ICs in Jan of 1999-2010

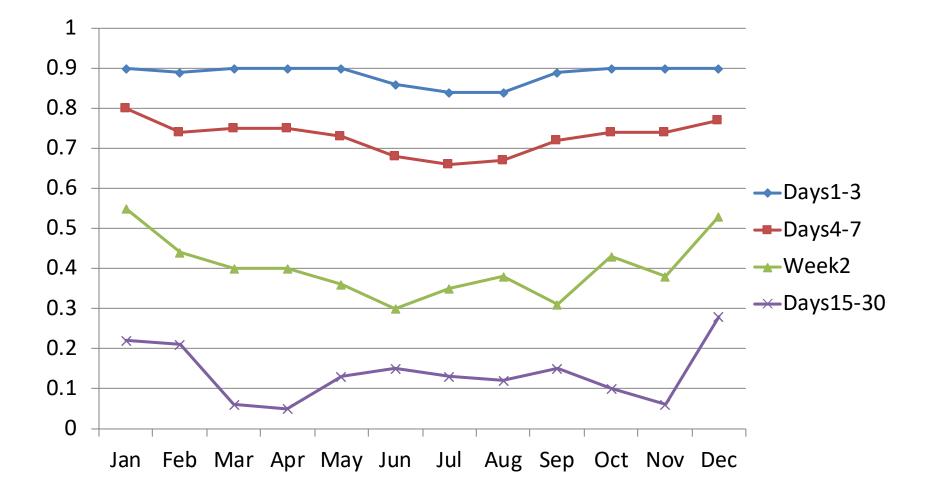


#### **ICs in Januanry**

# Skill decays fast from early to Late periods

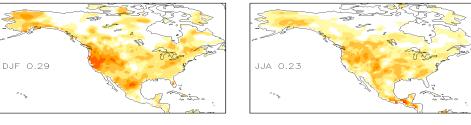
ICs in July

# Hindcast SAT AC Skill Averaged Over CONUS



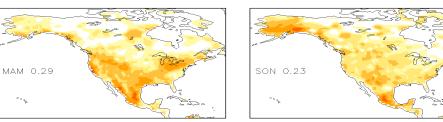
## Skill comparison of 30-day mean forecast over 2011-2017: simple average vs. skill-weighted average

## **AC Skill of Prec**

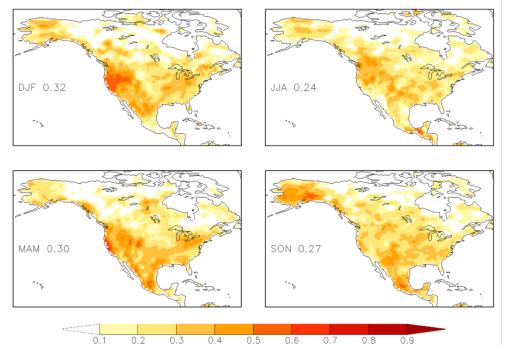


AC Skill of CFSv2 Prec Day1-30 Forecast(Jan2011-Dec2017) IC Season and CONUS Averaged Skill

#### Simple 30-day average

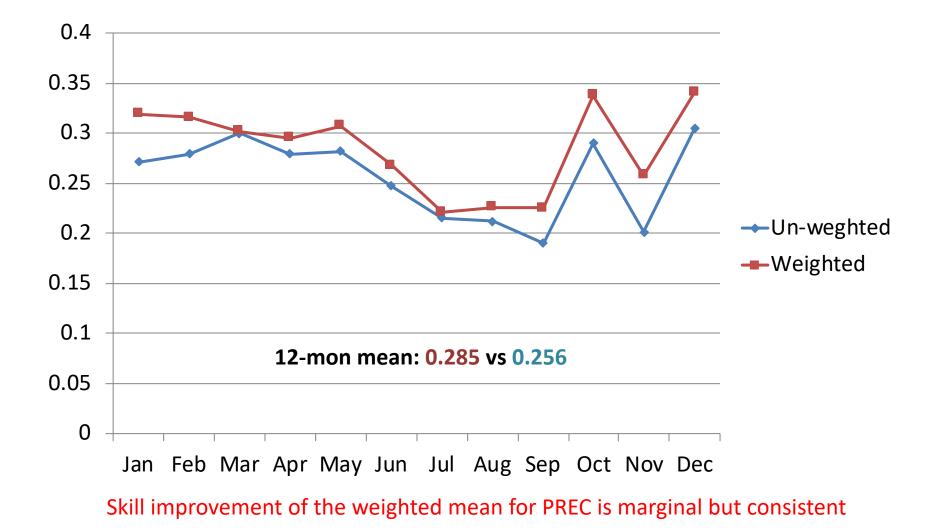


AC Skill of CFSv2 Prec Weighted Day1-30 Forecast(Jan2011-Dec2017) IC Season and CONUS Averaged Skill



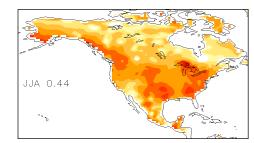
# Weighted average of the 4-sub periods

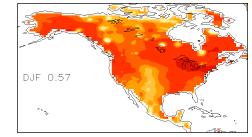
### Prec AC Skill of Days1-30 Forecast over CONUS



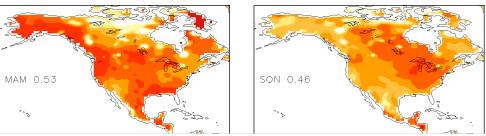
## **AC Skill of SAT**

AC Skill of CFSv2 SAT Day1-30 Forecast(Jan2011-Dec2017) IC Season and CONUS Averaged Skill



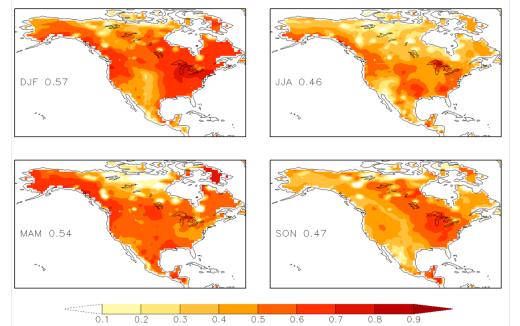


#### Simple 30-day average

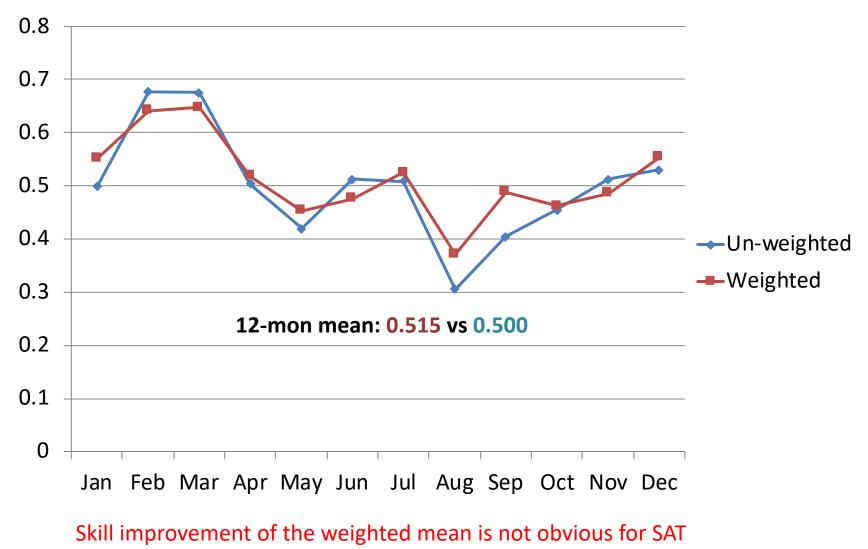


AC Skill of CFSv2 SAT Weighted Day1-30 Forecast(Jan2011-Dec2017) IC Season and CONUS Averaged Skill

#### Weighted average of the 4-sub periods

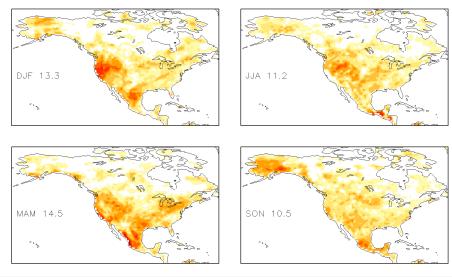


### SAT AC Skill of Days1-30 Forecast over CONUS



## Heidke Skill Score (HSS) of Prec

HSS of CFSv2 Prec Day1-30 Forecast(Jan2011-Dec2017) IC Season and CONUS Averaged Skill



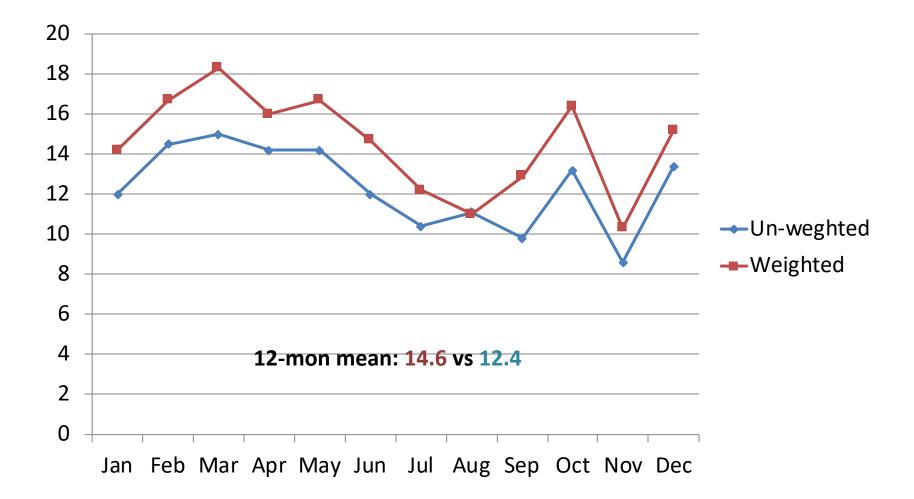
Simple 30-day average



#### 

# Weighted average of the 4-sub periods

### HSS of Prec Days1-30 Forecast over CONUS

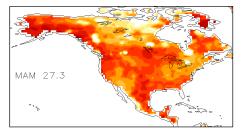


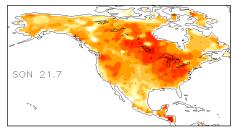
## Heidke Skill Score (HSS) of SAT

DJF 29.7

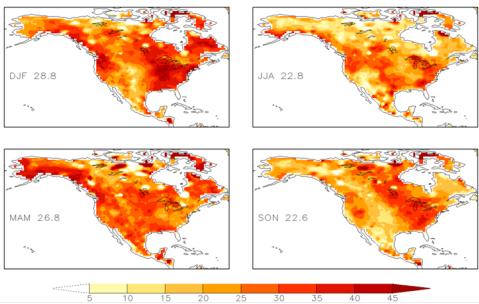
HSS of CFSv2 SAT Day1-30 Forecast(Jan2011-Dec2017) IC Season and CONUS Averaged Skill

#### Simple 30-day average



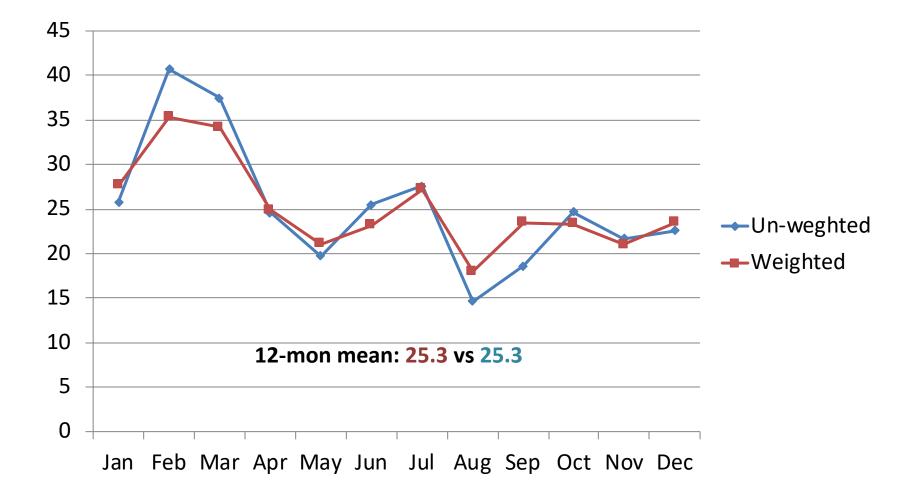


5 10 15 20 25 30 35 40 45 HSS of CFSv2 SAT Weighted Day1-30 Forecast(Jan2011-Dec2017) IC Season and CONUS Averaged Skill

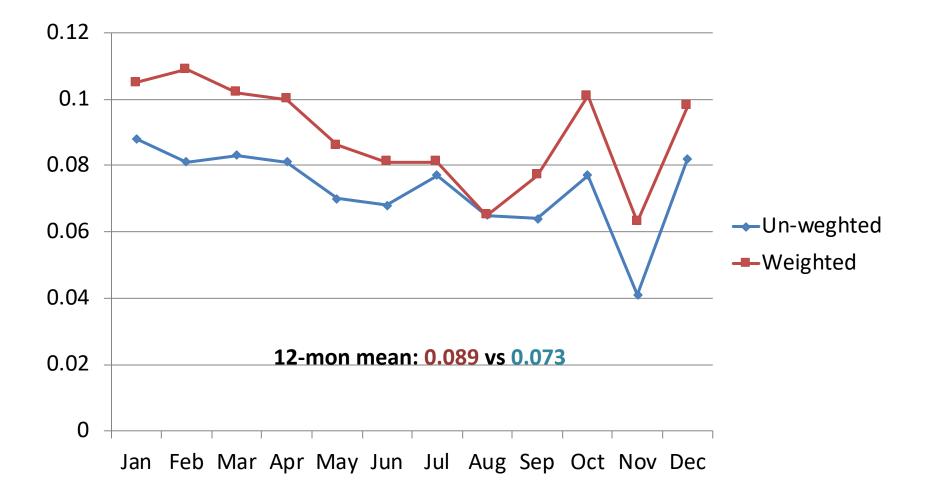


# Weighted average of the 4-sub periods

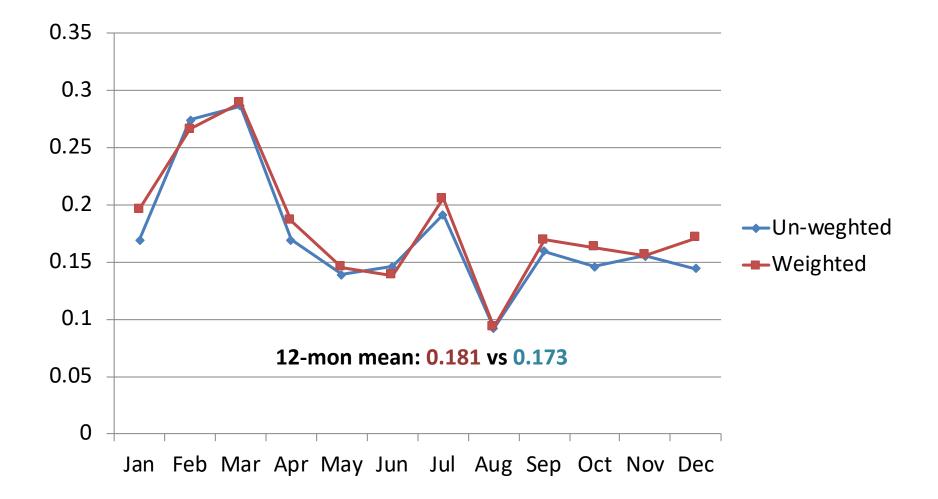
### HSS of SAT Days1-30 Forecast over CONUS



#### RPSS of Prec Days1-30 Forecast over CONUS



#### RPSS of SAT Days1-30 Forecast over CONUS



# **Summary**

- Forecast skill decays fast from early to late sub-monthly periods;
- Skill weighted short-lead 30-day forecast has marginal but consistent improvement in skill for Prec;
- As expected, SAT anomalies in early sub-monthly periods has less impact to monthly mean, as a result, skill improvement of the skill weighted forecast is not obvious;
- Possible reasons for the improvement to be limited:

1) big anomalies don't always occur in early periods;

2) skill dependent weighting makes the forecast skewed to higher frequency, and thus could downplay lower frequency variability, such as aliased from seasonal and inter-annual variability.